

# The Times-Democrat.

VOL. XII, NO. 155.

LIMA, OHIO, TUESDAY, APRIL 14, 1896.

PRICE THREE CENTS

## REDAMP EXPLODED.

Five Men Were Probably Fatally Injured.

## CHANCE FOR RECOVERY.

Fire Took Fire, but it is Not Thought the Flames Will Spread sufficient to Render Any Serious Damage to the Mine.

WILKES-BARRE, Pa., April 14.—Five men were probably fatally injured by explosion of firedamp during a fire in the red ash vein of the Woodward mine. There is very little chance of recovery for the men, all of whom inhaled gas.

The fire was burning at a late hour, and the superintendent said there was danger of it spreading to any extent. The mine is one of the largest in the Wyoming valley and is operated by the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western railroad company.

## THE TIGER GRABBED HIM.

An Engineer Comes Near Making His Last Trip.

PENNY, Ind., April 14.—The Wallace news is in winter quarters here, and John Murphy, an engineer on the Lake Erie and Western railroad, who is visiting here, went out to his grounds this morning. Getting too near a den of tigers, one of them grabbed him by the neck, tearing his coat and shirt and cutting a deep gash in his neck, narrowly missing the jugular vein. The enraged animal was beaten off with iron and Murphy was rescued before the gaze of a frightened spectators.

## ESCAPE OF A MURDERER.

One of the Slayers of the Meeks Family Still at Large.

CARROLLTON, Mo., April 14.—George Taylor, who escaped Saturday night, 19 days before the day set for his execution for the brutal murder of the Meeks family, is still at large, with little chance of being recaptured. His brother, William, is still in jail, which is heavily guarded. Fifteen armed strangers have arrived in town and Deputy Sheriff Shelton, fearing an attempt to lynch the prisoner, has ordered the local militia company to be in readiness to act.

## Indignantly Denied.

SALT LAKE CITY, April 14.—E. B. Ditchlow, a gentle member of the legislature, attacks the alleged methods of the Mormon church officials on political matters. He makes the statement that not a single bill passed by the last legislature was signed by the governor until it had first been submitted to the church officials. Governor Welsh has been interviewed on the subject and says the statement is unqualifiedly false.

## Child Cremated.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 14.—Fritz Erasmus, a child six years old, was burned to death last night in a fire which destroyed three houses in the Richmond district. Mrs. Catherine Blume, the child's grandmother, leaped from a second story window and was seriously injured. John Erasmus entered the burning house to save his son and narrowly escaped death himself.

## Bad Marksmen.

PARIS, April 14.—The Prince de Sagan and M. Hermann, author of the play "La Mère," fought a duel. They exchanged four pistol shots on the St. Owen race course without effect. The trouble grew out of alleged personal reflections upon the prince in the play.

## NICARAGUAN AFFAIRS.

The Rebels Were Whipped At Zelaya Had Followed Them Up.

CONTRATO, Nicaragua, April 14.—The president and secretary of congress, and an alleged majority of the legal congress of Nicaragua, who had adjourned for over Sunday at Managua convened at Leon and proclaimed that General J. Santos Zelaya, whom the legal congress of Nicaragua had appointed to be president of Nicaragua, in September, 1894, had violated the constitution of Nicaragua, and therefore, they decreed that the appointment of J. Santos Zelaya to be president of Nicaragua be revoked, and that Vice President Francisco Baca, Jr., is hereby appointed legal president of Nicaragua for the unexpired term (about two years).

Baca's cabinet of ministers was then appointed and approved as follows: Foreign relations, Jose Madriz; war, General Pauline Godoy; treasury, Samuel Mayorga; public works, Francisco Balladarez; general-in-chief of the army in the field, Amancio Ortiz; assistant generals, Duarte (judge of supreme court), Chavarria, Godoy, Hernandez, Rivas.

A division of Baca's troops, about 1,000 strong, under General Escalon (a Salvadoran) attacked Nargarote and carried several of the barricades fighting until dark, losing two generals killed and several officers and soldiers killed and wounded. They were out of ammunition and found that Zelaya's troops were being supported from Matamoros (four leagues distant). They consequently commenced a retreat about 8 p. m., which became a rout and panic, throwing down their guns. At Pueblo Nuevo they killed two of their generals who endeavored to stop the panic, and they declared that General Escalon had said to them at Nargarote when ordering a retreat that they had been betrayed by the other general in Baca's army and should go home.

There was a panic at Leon, citizens fleeing in fear of the arrival of Zelaya's army. Baca's army was largely disorganized and the government officials were considering plans for an armistice.

## VERY CLEVER SWINDLE

Ex-Slave Owners Being Fleeced Unmercifully.

## THEIR CREDULITY DID IT.

Led to Believe They Would Eventually Get Paid For Their Slaves Who Were Liberated They Put Up Money Liberally.

WASHINGTON, April 14.—The extensive plans of the "United States ex-slave owners' registration bureau," organized three weeks ago and having offices both in Washington and Savannah, Ga., were interfered with by the issuance of a fraud order by the postoffice department. The bureau expected to deal largely in the South and sent broadcast circulars advising a system of registration whereby former slave owners or their heirs can have the names of their slaves "officially" registered in approved books of record and the return for such slaves presented for future reference. The bureau claimed that the government eventually would make satisfactory compensation to the owners for losses of slaves by emancipation. A schedule of fees for registration was fixed ranging from \$5 for one to ten names to \$5 for 50 and upward.

## RECEIVED NO INVITATION.

Mr. M. A. Hanna Speaks For Himself About the A. P. A. Controversy.

CLEVELAND, April 14.—M. A. Hanna was asked if he cared to make any reply to the interview with Judge J. H. D. Stevens, chairman of the national executive committee of the A. P. A., regarding the attitude of that organization toward McKinley. Mr. Hanna spoke for himself personally by saying he never received any invitation, verbally or by mail, to attend an A. P. A. conference in Washington, and not having received such invitation he could not have replied to it. He declined to say anything for Governor McKinley on the subject.

## STRUCK HER HARD.

Swedish Merchantman Collides With the Warship Monterey.

WASHINGTON, April 14.—Captain Ludlow of the Monterey has reported to the navy department by telegraph the collision between his vessel and a 3,000 ton Swedish merchantman. The Monterey was lying at anchor at the time in Puget Sound. The Swedish steamer struck the warship on the starboard quarter dead a beam, denting in one plate below the water line and knocking off three rivet heads. The Swedish steamer was reported to be in danger of sinking at the time of sending the dispatch.

## He Was a Fellow-Servant.

WASHINGTON, April 14.—In the case of the Northern Pacific Railroad company versus Samuel Peterson, opinion by Justice Peckham, the supreme court reversed the opinion of the court below. The case was one of damages on account of an accident and the question involved was whether a section boss was a fellow-servant or an agent of the railroad company. The opinion holds him to be a fellow-servant.

## SEVENTY-SECOND ASSEMBLY.

In the Senate.

COLUMBUS, O., April 14.—Bills were introduced in the senate as follows:

Mr. Lansing, providing that bicycles shall be transported as baggage for passengers by all railroad companies.

Mr. Fullon, providing that county commissioners may receive as collateral for bonds acting as depositories of county funds bonds of the state and of any county and municipal entity.

Mr. Fullon, making appropriations for the Ohio university, Miami university and the combined normal and industrial department of Wilberforce university.

Mr. Rely, authorizing cities not otherwise provided for by law to appoint a justice of the peace as police judge.

Bills passed:

House bill by Mr. Stewart, making the chief clerk of the attorney general, deputy attorney general.

Mr. Brown, providing that persons convicted of petty offenses where the sentence imposed is one year or less, he shall be imprisoned in workhouses.

Mr. Vogt, authorizing villages, in counties not containing a city of the first class, to construct main or trunk line sewers.

Mr. Huttsupiller, authorizing cities of the fourth grade of the second class (Gallipolis) to operate an electric light plant in connection with water works.

House bill by Mr. Mason, authorizing municipal corporations to refund bonds.

House bill by Mr. Montgomery, providing that the matter of the establishment of county officers of municipal corporations may be appealed to the court of common pleas.

House joint resolution by Mr. Wiley, concerning the distribution of the final report of the Chickamauga and Chattanooga National park commission.

Mr. Huttsupiller, authorizing the governor to grant deeds in fee simple to the lessors of land under permanent leases of lands of the Ohio company's purchase.

House bill by Mr. Landis, providing for examinations annually of common school graduates under the Boxwell law.

Mr. Hamilton, (by request), to provide for the treatment and cure of habitual drunkards.

House bill by Mr. Mayer, to provide against injuries, cuts and punctures to pneumatic tires.

Mr. Huttsupiller, providing that a child under the age of two years may be taken from a county infirmary with the approval of the probate judge.

House bill by Mr. Stivers, requiring persons who reside on boats or other watercraft and engage in any business or traffic on the navigable waters of this state to procure a license for \$10.

Mr. Huttsupiller, providing that in cases of prosecutions of officers or members of the militia for actions in the suppression of a riot, where the riot results in acquittal, the county in which the prosecution was commenced shall pay the cost of such proceedings.

## Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U.S. Gov't Report

**Royal Baking Powder**  
ABSOLUTELY PURE

## HAD NARROW ESCAPES

A Gun Bursts While Undergoing Severe Tests.

## WAS A PNEUMATIC CONCERN

The Projectiles Contained High Explosives and Behaved Very Well, but the Gun Was Not Equal to the Emergency.

NEW YORK, April 14.—A test of the new Dudley pneumatic gun for firing projectiles containing high explosive was made at East Island, Long Island sound, before Major General Nelson A. Miles and the board of ordnance of the United States army and navy. The gun was operated by Designer Howell B. Elwell. In the first test five projectiles were fired in rapid succession, the projectiles weighing 33 pounds and containing about 13 pounds of the explosive, being thrown a distance of from three-quarters of a mile to a mile and a quarter.

The second test, however, with dummy projectiles, the gun exploded at the third shot, the officers who were standing in a semi circle behind it escaping only by a miracle. One man, a spectator, was badly cut by a piece of the metal. The accident was due, it is supposed to the shattering of the wood-butt of the dummy projectile which prevented the escape of the compressed air. Another test will be made.

## INFERNAL MACHINE

Addressed to Theodore Roosevelt Marked "Medicine."

NEW YORK, April 14.—A package addressed to "Theodore Roosevelt, police headquarters," and marked "medicine," was brought to the general post office by some one of the many collectors of mail from downtown boxes. It bore no postage stamps, and one of the employees at the postoffice tore off the wrappings at one of the ends. The tear revealed the heads of several matches and bits of fuse. The package was turned over to an inspector. It is about seven inches long, three inches in circumference and weighs five ounces. Its contents are not yet known. It will be examined at the police bureau of combustibles to determine whether or not an attempt on the life of the commissioner was contemplated.

## LI HUNG CHANG

Will Visit the United States on His Present Trip.

COLUMBO, Ceylon, April 14.—Li Hung Chang, the distinguished Chinese statesman who is to represent the Emperor of China at the coronation of the czar at Moscow, has arrived here. He was received with high honors. Li Hung Chang is quoted as saying in the course of an interview that after leaving Moscow he will proceed to Berlin, Paris and London, and then to America, returning to Peking in November.

## New Irish Land Bill.

LONDON, April 14.—Mr. Gerald Balfour, chief secretary for Ireland, introduced the new Irish land bill in the house of commons. It is of much wider scope than that of Mr. John Morley, who was chief secretary for Ireland in the late Liberal government, and is upon the principle of purchase by the occupying tenant being the ultimate solution of the land question.

## Against Butler's Statue.

BOSTON, April 14.—The house committee on ways and means, to which was referred the appropriation of \$50,000 for a statue of General Butler after it had been reported by the committee on statehouse and military affairs sitting jointly, will report against the appropriation.

## More Suspects Butchered.

HAVANA, April 14.—Three Cuban suspects, that is, noncombatants, were murdered by Weyler's whelps Monday and more are to be butchered this week. It is said Weyler washes his hands in the blood of his victims after murdering them.

## Printing of Postage Stamps.

WASHINGTON, April 14.—In the senate Mr. Cullum gave notice of an amendment to the sundry civil bill providing that of the appropriation made for the bureau of engraving and printing the bureau shall provide the full amount of internal revenue stamps required by law and that the printing of postage stamps shall be done by contract to the lowest bidder.

## The Marshal-Elect Arrested.

WEST UNION, O., April 14.—Constable Dug Copas, who was elected marshal a week ago, has been arrested, charged with assisting prisoners to escape from jail. Among those who escaped was Pearl Blair, relative of 32d Blair, who was hanged a few years ago for murder.

## An Outlaw Captured.

HUNTSINGTON, W. Va., April 14.—Robert K. McCoy, the Lincoln county outlaw, who for a week has been pursued by a posse, was captured here by Deputy United States Marshal Hampton while enroute to Ohio. He is a member of the Harfield-McCoy gang.

## Epidemic Beyond Control.

NEW YORK, April 14.—The national American relief committee received the following cable from Miss Clara Barton, president of the Red Cross at Constantinople: "The epidemic at Marash is beyond control. Have ordered forward 100 physicians with supplies."

## A Confederate Honored.

WASHINGTON, April 14.—Fitzhugh Lee of Virginia has been nominated as consul general to Havana, vice Ramon O. Williams, resigned. Lee is a nephew of the late General Robert E. Lee and was a major general of Confederate cavalry during the war.

## Yamagata in New York.

NEW YORK, April 14.—The most distinguished guest at the Waldorf hotel was the Marquis of Yamagata, Japan's field marshal and minister of war, whose recent services gained for his country such a decisive victory from China.

## Died in Mexico.

WINNETKA, April 14.—Sir John Schultze, 56, ex-lieutenant governor of Manitoba, died at Monterey, Mex., where he had gone in search of renewed health.

## "Young Griffe" Knocked Out.

MASPEITH, L. I., April 14.—"Young Griffe" was knocked out by Charlie McKeever in 20 rounds.

## Weather Indications.

For Ohio—Increasing cloudiness, probably local rains; brisk southerly winds; cooler.

For Indiana—Local rains followed by fair; southerly winds; warmer.

For West Virginia—Fair; probably local rain during the afternoon and night; cooler; southerly winds.

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NEW YORK, April 14.—In the contest against the probating of the will of the late Frederick Maxwell Somers, Surrogate Arnold granted an adjournment for two weeks, to enable the contestant's council to submit a brief.

## To Be Treated as Traitors.

HAVANA, April 14.—"Butcher" Weyler has ordered all noncombatants to deliver their horses over to him. Those who demur have been notified that they will be butchered as traitors and all their property confiscated.

## Corner in Petroleum.

PARIS, April 14.—At the instance of M. Jules Guerin, editor of The Libre Parole and an ex-petroleum refiner, the public prosecutor has opened an inquiry before Judge Dreyer, into the alleged "corner" in petroleum.

## By imagination a man in a dungeon is capable of entertaining himself with scenes and landscapes more beautiful than any that can be found in the whole compass of nature.—Addison.

## Turf Winners.

At Newport, Ky.—Adonis, Danois, Eli, Amiable, Derfargill, Alamo.

At Memphis.—Lexington Pirate, Imp. Sancteur, Lady Lucet, Free Advice, Suisun, Fartarian.

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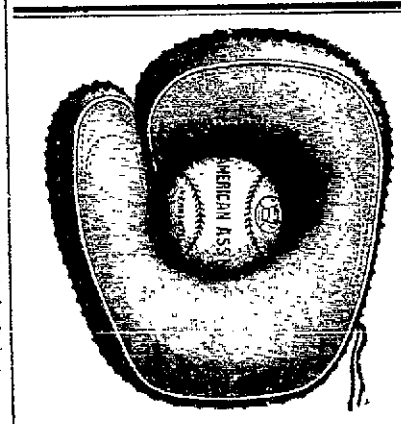
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**Balls, Mitts, Bats, Masks, Belts.**

Complete Line of Base Ball Goods.

**DOWNARD & SON.**  
Books, Wall Paper and Sporting Goods.

## CLEVELAND MAY RUN

WALTER WELLMAN SAYS HE IS WILLING TO ACCEPT RENOMINATION.

Programme is Outlined—Control by Gold Men an Essential Feature—Carlisle Active in the Race—President a Receptive Candidate.

President Cleveland will not decline a renomination if it is offered to him by the Democratic national convention. Secretary Carlisle is a candidate for the Democratic nomination for president.

I am today able to state authoritatively that the attitude of the president is to accept the nomination, and also to explain the meaning of the candidacy of Secretary Carlisle.

Secretary Olney is not and will not be a candidate for president, and ex-Secretary Whitney is not and will not be a candidate.

The administration programme is as follows:

First.—To secure control of the convention and adopt an anti-silver platform.

Second.—To nominate Secretary Carlisle if possible.

Third.—That failing, to nominate Mr. Cleveland for a fourth time.

The friends of Secretary Olney, ex-Secretary Whitney and of ex-Governor Russell of Massachusetts, who, under favorable circumstances, might wish to work for the selection of their favorites, all understand that the president has arranged his plans on the lines which I have just described, and this state of affairs necessarily precludes the pressing of any other candidate from the wings of the party to which the president belongs.

The president is to be permitted to go ahead with his programme without interference. All the eastern leaders of the party not directly attached to the administration will participate in the pre-convention campaign, if at all, only in the most passive way. This is true of Senators Gorman, Brice and Hill, ex-Secretary Whitney, ex-Governor Russell and many others. The track is to be cleared for President Cleveland's plan of Secretary Carlisle or himself.

In the opinion of men familiar with the facts, President Cleveland expects to carry the first and third numbers of his programme.

Within the last few weeks there has been a good deal of newspaper talk about Mr. Carlisle's candidacy. It has been said that the president would write a letter emphatically declining again to permit his name to be used in connection with the nomination, and in this letter he would make Secretary Carlisle his political heir and ask the Democratic party to give him its support.

It has also been said that there was some friction in the cabinet between Secretary of State Olney and Secretary of the Treasury Carlisle as to the political succession, and that the president had put Mr. Olney to one side in favor of Mr. Carlisle. These stories are devoid of truth.

The president will not decline a renomination if it is offered to him with substantial unanimity. He does not propose to enter into any scramble for the honor or to use any of the enormous federal patronage at his disposal to bring it about. If, however, when the delegates meet at Chicago, it shall be the opinion of a majority of them that he is the strongest candidate to defeat Major McKinley, who, the president expects, will be the nominee of the Republican convention at St. Louis, and the platform is a ringing declaration in favor of "sound money" and the principles of tariff reform to which the Democratic party stands pledged, Mr. Cleveland will not decline the honor.

In the meantime, and unless it should become manifestly apparent that the Democratic convention is going to fall into the hands of the free silver wing of the party, or that the opponents of Mr. Cleveland are determined to humiliate him, the president will not publicly proclaim his position, nor will he write any letter either announcing himself as a candidate or declining to allow his name to go before the convention. There will be no change in his position. He will simply permit matters to drift and assume shape without active interference from him.

As to Mr. Carlisle's candidacy, the facts are as follows:

Mr. Carlisle is a candidate in the fullest sense of the word. He would like to receive the nomination. He thinks his standing and services to the party entitle him to it. Mr. Cleveland agrees with him, and no one would be more happy than Mr. Cleveland to see him nominated. Even if Mr. Cleveland is forced into accepting the nomination, he will not do so because he wants to satisfy his ambition, but because for a continuance of power. He will accept as a matter of duty solely because the party calls upon him to make the fight.

His encouragement of the candidacy of Mr. Carlisle of itself forms a reason why the president does not officially announce his position. So long as it is not generally known whether he is or is not a candidate other men who might want to be candidates are deterred from entering the race, and in that way the running is made all the easier for Mr. Carlisle. In this sense Mr. Carlisle is an administration candidate. But I refer, with emphasis, that if Mr. Carlisle cannot be nominated, and if a hand goes up from the party for Mr. Cleveland again to accept the nomination—provided that the platform meets his approval—he will not decline leadership.

There is nothing in the talk of friendship between Mr. Carlisle and Mr. Olney which would not walk the length of the state department to the nomination. If it should be announced that Olney and Carlisle were not on friendly terms, it would not have the honor thrust upon Mr. Olney by a sincere respect for Carlisle's abilities and force of

character and personality has great liking for him.

When asked whether the administration do not think the president is adopting a wise plan in putting Mr. Carlisle forward as the nominal administration candidate, there is no disposition to complain or object. For, if any of the president's advisers believe Mr. Carlisle can be nominated, the opposition to him in the south and west is bitter and unreasoning, growing out of the belief that the secretary of the treasury has deserted his former friends.

The apparent improbability of Mr. Carlisle's nomination and the known willingness of President Cleveland to be considered a reserve candidate are two conditions which strengthen the belief in well-informed circles that the president expects to be the nominee himself and that Mr. Carlisle is put forward as a stalking horse. An important member of the administration said to me today: "Mr. Carlisle will make the running, but Mr. Cleveland will be the nominee."

In other words, President Cleveland is regarded by the men who are very near to him as a reserve or receptive candidate—not anxious, but willing.

I repeat what has already been announced in these dispatches, that Mr. Cleveland believes the Republicans will surrender the silver question at St. Louis and nominate Major McKinley, and that Mr. Cleveland can carry the country on a gold standard, low tariff platform. President Cleveland has tremendous confidence in himself and in his popularity with the masses of the people. He believes he can rally to his support the business and conservative elements of the Union. Moreover, Mr. Cleveland believes it to be his duty to run, if the party asks him to run, even in the face of certain defeat.

In this connection I wish to give one of the secrets of the administration campaign. It is the belief of the president and his lieutenants that they will be able to obtain possession of the national convention through the efforts of the officeholders to elect themselves and their friends as delegates. By this is not meant offensive partisanship or anything of that sort. Of course Mr. Cleveland would not countenance any use of the power of the government to perpetuate himself as the leader of his party. To use the power of the government machine, however, for the purpose of holding the party to the principles of sound finance is quite another matter.

Another thing is that the officeholders are about the only Democrats who have enough money to enable them to go to local, state and national conventions. I am told it is a positive fact that Iowa was carried for "sound money" last year because few but the postmasters were able to bear the expense of going to the conventions. If the officeholders obtain possession of the convention for the sake of sound currency and then choose to use their power in effecting the nomination of President Cleveland, who can say them nay?—Walter Wellman in Chicago Times-Herald.

## AN EIGHT HOUR DAY.

Union Workmen Will Make a Demand For It in Cleveland.

Five thousand union men employed in the building trades of Cleveland on May 1 will demand an eight hour day. Until recently it was intended that only the union carpenters would make the demand, but the labor agitators who have been canvassing the city report that the unionists in the building trades have decided to stand together.

The tradesmen who will make the demand are, besides carpenters, plasterers, stonemasons, bricklayers, mortar mixers and hod carriers.

Headquarters have been established, and circulars are being forwarded to contractors in the city notifying them of the demand that will be made and requesting them to recognize the desire of the men.

## Gladstone's Unusual Traits.

Will Mr. Gladstone ever grow tired of being photographed? And will the public never weary of presumptions of the aged statesman solitary in his library? There are two things that the world will probably remember about Mr. Gladstone when his oratory and his personality are forgotten. One is his extraordinary power of concentration upon the subject in hand, the other the fact that he takes 32 bites to every mouthful of food.—St. James' Budget.

## Smoked Him Out.

Smoking out an obstinate juror is a new way of arriving at a verdict which was successfully tried by 11 good men and true in Hartford a few days ago, according to The Times. The obstinate juror stood out for a long time, and his will was only conquered when he became physically prostrated by the volumes of smoke that filled the jury room from the cigars, pipes and cigarettes of the 11 other jurymen.

## "Healer" Schlatter Heard From.

Schlatter, the New Mexico Messiah, so called, is still fasting at the Hermosillo ranch, in western Socorro county, N. M., owned by Mrs. Ada Morley Jewett. This lady, a highly educated woman, is making a study of the strange man. She writes to a newspaper that she is not yet at liberty to speak of Schlatter and his future plans, but promises to do so shortly.

## A Peculiar Feature.

England is advancing up the Nile in order to obtain "a natural frontier." It is one of the peculiarities of the earth's topography that the British are always compelled to take in a little more land to get the lines right.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

## Where Are They?

Still there are quite a number of persons who will not ride bicycles this year.—Chicago Record.

## The Silent Conviction.

Nearly every citizen of a town believes that he "made" it.—Atchison Globe.

Easy to Take  
Easy to Operate

Are features peculiar to Hood's Pills. Small in size, tasteless, efficient, thorough. As one man

Hood's  
Pills

said: "You never know you have taken a pill till it is all over."—Dr. C. I. Hood & Co. Proprietors, Lowell, Mass.

The only pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

## THE KAISER'S NEW METEOR.

Built on the Lines of Valkyrie III, With Certain Improvements.

The yacht Meteor, now in process of construction at Meadowside, Glasgow, at the yards of D. & W. Henderson, the dimensions and design having been carefully guarded, is being pushed rapidly toward completion.

The new yacht, which has been designed for Kaiser Wilhelm by Watson, measures 120 feet over all, with a load water line length of 88 feet 10 inches. Her extreme beam measurement is 25 feet and her draft is estimated to be 16 feet 3 inches. Her racing length, according to the eminent designer's figures, will be 105 feet 6 inches.

Her sail spread is enormous, being calculated at 14,000 square feet, and her immense boom extends far out beyond the long overhanging stern.

The planking, from keel to water line, is of American elm, while her top sides will be of selected mahogany. Her frames are made of steel, similar to that used in the construction of the 30 knot torpedo boat Destroyer, now building on the Thames. The latest creation of the English designer is similar to Lord Dunsraven's yacht Valkyrie III in appearance, but the German emperor's yacht is an improvement on the above mentioned vessel. Mr. Watson having learned a lesson from the Herreshoffs and made her keel shorter than the Irish earl's yacht, and tapering from the bows to the water line in a more gradual curve.

She will have three sets of spars made, each of which will be given a trial before the new yacht will be tried out in a race.

## TO REMOVE FROM LONDON.

Salvation Army Headquarters May Be Established in New York.

It is more than possible that the international headquarters of the Salvation Army will shortly be transferred from London to New York. It is understood that such a move is contemplated to offset the feeling in America that the Army is an English institution, founded and conducted upon English principles.

Commander Booth-Tucker, the new head of the Army in this country, practically acknowledged this fact recently. Ballington Booth, ever since his departure from the Salvation Army, has dwelt upon the English origin of the Army and emphasized the fact that the Volunteers is an American institution.

At the same time attention was directed to the commanding officers of the Salvation Army. Every one of them, who occupied a position of any responsibility is a foreigner.

The keen general saw that his son was making a point that would be appreciated by the American people.—New York Journal.

## NEW FLYING MACHINE.

Boston Man Has Some Ideas He Is Ready To Apply to One.

Samuel Cabot, the Boston flying machine inventor, who is just starting to Europe to study flying machines, has invented and tested a propeller to be used in aerial navigation.

The propeller, made something like the propeller of a steamship, is operated by foot power and revolves at a high rate of speed. Mr. Cabot tested the machine by attaching it to a couple of bicycles which he fastened together. Then the pedals of the bicycles were removed and those of the propeller put on.

When the big fan began to turn, away went the bicycles, and the farther it went the higher became its rate of speed, until at last it was bowling along at the rate of ten miles an hour.

Mr. Cabot thinks he has solved one of the problems of man flight. Now, if he can get a machine that will stay up in the air, he calculates that he can drive it along with his invention.

## Good For Bishop Littlejohn.

Bishop Littlejohn has been invited by the synodicate of Cambridge university, England, to be select preacher in June, 1897.

It is now 16 years since Bishop Littlejohn, in response to a like invitation, delivered a series of discourses on "Individualism," subsequently printed by The University press and widely circulated in England and in this country. As a recognition of the value of these discourses Bishop Littlejohn was honored with the degree of LL. D.

He was the first American ever invited to perform a like service in the University of Cambridge.

## Sand Piles For School Children.

Mayer Caldwell of Cincinnati has proposed to Superintendent of Schools Morgan that the school grounds be left open during the summer months.

"The summer can take charge of the children," said the mayor. "I will see that the board of education furnishes the material for sand piles for the children to play on."

## Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world to cure, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetters, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no money required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Melville Bros.

## STORIES OF THE DAY.

Senator Brice Coins an Apt Campaign Phrase.

Senator Brice has coined a new phrase, and a very apt one it is. A day or two ago he was talking with a New England senator who is so earnestly in favor of the nomination of either Reed or Allison that he is half the time in a state of angry excitement. This senator, who is noted for his love of speculation in Wall street, his penchant for bluffing at poker and the stiff hand which he generally plays in politics and legislation, said to Mr. Brice:

"We will tie up 100 or 150 southern votes in contests. We will take possession of the national committee, the committee on credentials, the temporary organization of the convention, and we will knock McKinley out in the first round."

"That is, you say you will," replied Mr. Brice, "but I'll venture the prediction you do nothing of the sort. At St. Louis there will be 20,000 McKinley men howling for fair play, and you fellows will weaken. You will never dare play your game out."

"Don't you think I have nerve, Brice?"

"Yes, you have, but it is all preliminary nerve."—Walter Wellman in Chicago Times-Herald.

## The Champion Mean Trick.

The champion mean man sat in an up town cafe yesterday. To him entered a small Italian newsboy with afternoon journals.

"I can't read," evasively said the mean man.

"There pictures in some of 'em," blandly insinuated the lad.

"No, I don't want any newspapers," replied the mean man, "but I'll give you a dime if you'll say, 'Hurrah for Abyssinia!'"

"For fer 'Bryssinia!" repeated the youthful guinea.

"Now, another dime if you'll say, 'Long live King Mendeke!'" continued the mean man.

The boy repeated the words with enthusiasm and got his money.

"Now, my dago friend with the fatal gift of beauty," said the mean man, "don't you know that you have fore sworn your country? No? I thought not. You don't read your own papers. Then what business have you to recommend them to me?"

But the betrayer of his native land had already fled to the nearest crap game.—John Smith in Buffalo Express.

## The X Ray and the Sage.

The X ray, wandering about space, looking for something it could not penetrate, met a sage who had spent many years in the same quest. The X ray asked the bald philosopher how he was getting along.

"As you see," said the sage, who instantly felt the X ray piercing his skull. "I see that you do not try to deceive me," said the X ray, "but I also see that you are not making any progress whatever in your efforts to find something you can't see through, so your polite reply does not after all convey the exact truth."

Astonished at such cleverness, the sage confessed to the X ray in strict confidence that the universe had grown very dull to him. "I long," he declared, "for the good old days of mystery and wonder. It is impossible to keep up one's interest in things when one has lost the chance of being deceived or eluded upon any point. Life's illusions are its greatest blessings."

"You speak my inmost thoughts," exclaimed the X ray. "I am young and you are old, but like you, I am nearly bored to death. Nothing is hidden from me, nothing is softened or beautified by the mists and veils which ordinarily have wrapped existence in their charming and elusive folds. I am beginning to wish that I had never been discovered."—Ada C. Sweet in Chicago Times-Herald.

## Riley to Croach.

The following, from the pen of James Whitcomb Riley, is certainly as sweet as the famous song it paraphrases. And yet it is not a paraphrase, for we forget all save the tenderness and love it breathes in every line:

Kathleen Maureen, the song is still ringing  
As fresh and as clear as the thrill of the bird;  
In world weary hearts it is sobbing and singing  
In paths too sweet for the tenderest word.

Oh, have we forgotten the one who first  
breathed it?  
And have we forgotten his rapturous air,  
Our meek to the master whose genius he  
quoted it?

Oh, why art thou silent, then voice of my  
heart?

Kathleen Maureen, thy lover still lingers!  
The long night is waning, the stars pale and  
few;

Thy sad wanderer with tremulous fingers  
Is bound with his tears as the lily with dew.

The old harp strings quaver, the old voice is  
shaking.

In sighs and in sobs moans the yearning re-  
frain.

The old vision dims, and the old heart is  
breaking.

Kathleen Maureen, inspire us again!

Several years ago James Whitcomb Riley wrote to the writer of this column,

"The author of 'Kathleen Maureen' is ill and in poverty," and enclosed a copy of his own beautiful verses, quoted above, and at that time Riley rendered the aged and famous song writer substantial aid. We repeat that, in the loving tribute quoted, Riley has almost surpassed the original.

Frank L. Stanton in Atlanta Constitution.

## Kentucky Man Hears the News.

James Lacy, an old gentleman of prominence and high standing in Hazel Green, Ky., received by mail last week a copy, sound and apparently new, of the New York Herald, containing an account of the assassination and death of President Abraham Lincoln, dated April 15, 1865, which was mailed to him a few days after the date it bears, nearly 31 years ago. It was taken from the office him by his third wife, who is now 29 years of age, the paper being mailed two years before her birth.—Chicago Times-Herald.

I. H. BRUCE, Marshalltown, Iowa, writes: January 31, 1896. "It is with great pleasure that I recommend Dr. Kay's Renovator, especially for what you claim for it, remedy for worn out business men. I have had a tired and languid feeling in my head for a year, and I concluded to wear it out, but gave it up, as I was growing worse. I have now taken two 25-cent boxes, and will say I am now entirely free from this feeling. I am confident that your Dr. Kay's Renovator will remove that tired and languid feeling, usually called spring fever, and shall treasure it as a household panacea, and recommend it to all afflicted with that malady." The many cures, without a failure, attest the fact that

## Dr. Kay's Renovator

Is a positive cure for the worst cases of headache, dyspepsia, constipation, liver and kidney diseases, and all nervous and blood diseases, biliousness, drowsiness, faintness, etc. AT THIS TIME OF YEAR it is invaluable, as it renovates and invigorates the whole system and purifies and enriches the blood, giving new life and vigor to the whole body. The very best nerve tonic known. Very pleasant and easy to take. IT HAS TWO TO FIFTY TIMES AS MANY DROPS AS LIQUID MEDICINES. SELLING FOR 25 CENTS PER BOX. Sent by express, free of charge, to all who send for it. They could not get another; sent free from our western office, Dr. B. J. Kay Medicine Co., 220 South 10th street, Omaha, Neb.

SOLD BY..

THE HARLEY PHARMACY, LIMA, O.

Mean.

Bishop Julius of New Zealand is much troubled by the number of spurious coins found in the church offertories of the diocese. In a recent sermon he said: "I never saw so much bad coin in all my life. To offer to the church—the cause of God—money that the baker or the butcher would not accept shocks me. The man that would do that wants the grace of God badly—or three months."

## Ancient Manuscript Gospel Found.

The London News recently published a dispatch from Constantinople saying that an ancient and beautiful manuscript copy of the gospel, dating back to the sixth century, has been found in Asia Minor. It is written on the finest and thinnest of vellum, which is dyed purple. The letters are silver, except for the abbreviations and sacred names, which are in gold.

Representatives of English and American universities have unsuccessfully sought to obtain possession of the precious manuscript, it having been secured by Russia.

## High Honor For Bishop Potter.

Bishop Potter of New York has been invited by the authorities of Cambridge university, England, to be select preacher to the university during the month of May, 1897. The appointment as select preacher to one of the great English universities never has been conferred before upon a bishop or priest of the American church so far as the records obtainable show.

## The Time for Building

up the system is at this season. The cold weather has made unusual drains upon the vital forces. The blood has become impoverished and impure, and all the functions of the body suffer in consequence. Hood's Sarsaparilla is the great builder, because it is the One True Blood Purifier and nerve tonic.

Hood's Pills become the favorite cathartic with all who use them. All druggists, 25c.

## Cyrus Field's Advice to Garrett.

When young Bob Garrett took it upon himself to run the earth, after he became president of the Baltimore and Ohio, he started the Baltimore and Ohio sleeping car system, the Baltimore and Ohio Express company and the Baltimore and Ohio Telegraph company. (One day he ran across Cyrus Field in New York, and the old financier took him in hand.

"Robert," he said, "your father and I were friends during his lifetime, and I don't want to see you turn the great property he built up. But you are starting out well to do it. No man in the world can do what you have started out to do—fight the Pennsylvania railroad with your railroad, fight the Western Union Telegraph company with your telegraph company, fight Pullman's Palace Car company with your sleeping car company, and the Adams Express company with your express company. My boy!—laying his hand affectionately on Bob's shoulder—"you are going to ruin yourself. No one can expect to make a successful fight against four such corporations as those. They will wreck you!"—New York Press.

## Novel Safety Lamp.

The new safety lamp for mines, operating upon a peculiar principle, is reported as being in successful use in Germany. A peculiarity of this lamp is noted—namely, that it is not closed in any special way, like other lamps, and it matters very little whether or not the workman, disregarding the regulations of the mine, succeeds in opening the lamp, for there is a special arrangement by means of which the flame is extinguishable at the same instant. This is explained by there being in the interior of the lamp glass a spring which is compressed when the upper piece is screwed down, which enables a cap to operate upon the wick in such a manner as to shift it aside, facilitating the lighting of the lamp and afterward the combustion. When the spring is worked in the contrary direction, the cap again operates upon the wick, and the flame ceases the moment the cap comes in contact with the air. The lamp can be lighted without being opened.

## Powerful and Peaceful.

Hitherto in peacifying a nation the orator and oligist have employed the word warlike. From the Greeks we learned to wail the horrible with the beautiful. The proudest claim of the Athenians was that they excelled all others "in arts and in arms." Let the United States claim the pure glory to which they alone of all the nations, past or present, are entitled, the "powerful and peaceful nation."—Chicago Interior.

Pleasant to take, positive and instant in its results, in fact, the best cough medicine in the world, Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup.

## Notice to Contractors.

The Board of Education of Bath township, Allen county, Ohio, has received sealed bids up to 12 o'clock noon on the 20th day of April, 1896, at the office of the Township Clerk, for the construction of a brick school house in district No. 3. Plans and specifications can be seen at the clerk's office of said township. Parties desiring to bid on said work are invited to examine the material now on the ground, and will be expected to make a first-class job in accordance with the specifications. Bids will be required to accompany their bids with sufficient guaranty that in event their bid is accepted they will enter into a contract to perform the work in accordance therewith. All bids must state the cost of the work and material separately. The Board of Education reserves the right to reject any and all bids. The party or parties to whom the contract is awarded will be required to give good and sufficient bond with sureties in double the amount of their bid for the faithful performance of their work; and the parties whom they will give as surety upon the said bond. The work required to be completed on or before September 1, 1896.

Bids will be opened on Tuesday, April 23d, at 12 o'clock p. m. by order of the Board of Education. 21-4w J. K. DOUGLASS, Township Clerk.

## DON'T STOP TOBACCO.

HOW TO CURE YOURSELF WHILE USING IT.

The tobacco habit grows on a man until his nervous system is seriously affected, impairing health, comfort and happiness. To quit suddenly is too severe a shock to the system, as tobacco to an inveterate user becomes a stimulant that his system continually craves. "Bacco-Cure" is a scientific cure for the tobacco habit, in all its forms, carefully compounded after the formula of an eminent Berlin physician, who has used it in his private practice since 1872, with an almost perfectly harmless result. You can cure the tobacco you want while taking "Bacco-Cure." It will notify you when to stop. We give a written guarantee to cure permanently any case with three boxes, or refund the money with 10 per cent. interest. "Bacco-Cure" is not a substitute, but a scientific cure, that cures without the aid of will power and with no inconvenience. It leaves the system as pure and free from nicotine as the day you took your first chew or smoke.

Cured by Bacco-Cure and Gained Thirty Pounds.

From hundreds of testimonials, the original of which are on file and open to inspection, the following is presented.

Clayton, Nevada, Co. Ark. Jan. 28, 1896. "Eureka Chemical and Mfg. Co., La. Crosse, Wis.— Gentlemen: For forty years I used tobacco in all its forms, twenty-five years of that time I was a great sufferer from general debility and heart disease. For fifteen years I tried to quit, but couldn't. I tried various remedies, and none others. "Bacco-Cure" was the last thing I tried. Finally, however, I purchased a box of your "Bacco-Cure" and it has entirely cured me of the habit in all its forms, and I have increased thirty pounds in weight, and am relieved from all the numerous aches and pains of body and mind. I could write a quire of paper on my changed feelings and condition. Yours respectfully,

Pastor C. P. Church, Clayton, Ark.

Sold by all druggists at \$1.00 per box, three boxes, (thirty days' treatment), \$2.50 with money back written guarantee, or sent direct upon receipt of price. Write for booklet and proof. Eureka Chemical and Mfg. Co., La. Crosse, Wis., and Boston, Mass. 4-13m



Chicago &amp; Erie Railroad.

Times card in effect Feb. 9, 1895.

FROM LIMA, OHIO.

TRAINS WEST. Depart

No. 5 Vestibule Limited, daily, for Chicago, 11:23 a. m.  
" 2 Pacific Express, daily for Chicago, 12:24 a. m.  
" 1 Express, daily, except Sunday, 1:37 a. m.  
" 31 local, daily, except Sunday 7:00 a. m.

TRAINS EAST.

No. 3 Vestibule Limited, daily, for New York and Buffalo, 8:15 p. m.  
" 2 Express, daily, except Sunday for Marion & Columbus, 8:30 p. m.  
" 12 Express, daily, for New York 2:50 p. m.  
" 32 local, daily, except Sunday 7:00 a. m.  
Trains No. 1 and 2 stop at

**EXTRA: EXTRA:**  
ENGAGEMENT EXTRAORDINARY!  
10, 20 AND 30c.

**AUROT: OPERA: HOUSE.**  
One Week, Commencing  
**MONDAY, APRIL 13th.**

**WILSON THEATRE COMPANY**  
In a series of Grand Scenic Plays,  
**"THE WHITE SLAVE."**  
**"TEMPTATION OF MONEY."**  
**"OLD GLORY."**

**"TRAIN WRECKERS."**  
"PAWN TICKET 210."  
"SUNNY HOME."  
"SCOTT, JACOB AND TRIO."

**A CAR LOAD OF SCENERY.**  
**LADIES FREE!**  
Ladies and gentlemen, or two ladies ad-  
mitted on one paid 30c ticket. Monday night  
**PEOPLE'S POPULAR PRICES,**  
10, 20 AND 30c.

On sale Saturday.

Everything that you want in  
Life Insurance Policy  
will be found with

**THE STATE MUTUAL**  
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For information or an agency, ap-  
ply to

**P. E. BUNNELL,**  
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CLEVELAND, OHIO.

**HINES BROTHERS,**  
**Physicians and Surgeons**  
W. L. HINES, SPECIALIST.  
Diseases of Women and Children.  
Office—Rooms 1 and 2 Cincinnati Block,  
LIMA, OHIO, 314 1/2

**H. HUNTLEY, M. D.,**  
Metropolitan Block,  
Room 11.  
Residence 327 North Elizabeth Street.

**MONEY TO LOAN.**  
I have money to loan on good city and  
farm property in Lima at low rates and  
easy terms of interest. No delay. Give me  
a call before making arrangements elsewhere.  
W. L. WALKER,  
Room 3, Second Floor Holmes Block,  
Lima, Ohio.

**E. G. BURTON, M. D.**  
Office 4 and 5, Kendall block, over Cl  
Book Store  
Old phone, office, No. 228; residence phone  
No. 390; No. residence, 637 W. Market street.  
1-25-20-24-26

**DRS. BROOKS AND COLLINS,**  
Office, rooms Nos. 31, 30 and 29, Opera block  
Third floor. Easily reached by elevator.  
Telephone No. 214, of the Lima Telephone Co.

**MONEY TO LOAN.**  
I have Eastern money to loan at a very low  
rate of interest. Why pay 8 and 9 per cent.  
when you can get it so cheap. Call on me be-  
fore you borrow.  
T. K. WILKINS,  
Rooms 9 and 10, Opera Block, Second Floor  
Lima, Ohio. 9-12-13

**NO. 54.**  
East Side Public House, First-class Barber  
Shop, Ladies and Children's Haircutting  
done to order. Special room for ladies' hair-  
dressing.  
A. G. LUTZ, Proprietor.

**A Bowery Waiter's Amendment.**  
A slim young man with a high stand-  
ing collar and straw colored moustache  
buried into a Bowery restaurant the  
other evening. As the waiter with far-  
red shirt sleeves threw his towel down  
on the table and gave it a wipe the slim  
young man jumped.

"What'll yer have?" asked the waiter.  
"A piece of apple pie and a cup of  
coffee, and hurry up," said the young  
man firmly.

"Say, look a here, young feller," said  
the waiter, shaking his finger at the  
guest. "I'll git yer de pie and I'll git  
yer de coffee, but I'll be hunged if I'll  
hurry up." And the big fellow stonched  
off toward the kitchen, leaving the young  
man transfixed.

"One in de dark and Eve's gift to  
Adam on a limited freight fer a Cholly."  
"was the order he yelled into the  
kitchen.—New York Sun.

During the winter of 1893, F. M.  
Martin, of Long Reach, West Va.,  
contracted a severe cold which left  
him with a cough. In speaking of  
how he cured it, he says: "I used  
several kinds of cough syrup, but  
found no relief until I bought a bot-  
tle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy,  
which relieved me almost instantly,  
and in a short time brought about a  
complete cure." When troubled  
with a cough or cold use this remedy  
and you will not find it necessary to  
try several kinds before you get re-  
lief. It has been in the market for  
over twenty years and constantly  
grows in favor and popularity. For  
sale at 25 and 50 cents per bottle by  
Melville Bros., corner Main and High  
streets, and C. W. Heister, 55 Public  
Square.

Mrs. A. Sandstedt, 6th and Martha  
Sts., Omaha, Neb., writes: "I have  
had sick headaches for years, and was  
very sick to my stomach, and had a  
terrible pain in my head. Since tak-  
ing Dr. Kay's Renovator I have not  
had an attack." Sold by druggists  
at 25-cents and \$1. See advt. The  
Harley Pharmacy, Lima, Ohio.

## NINGER'S NIMBLE PEN

HOW THE REMARKABLE COUNTER-  
FEITER DID HIS WORK.

First Traced With a Pencil, Then Inked  
Over With Pen and Brush—Six Twen-  
ties and a Fifty Passed by Him on the  
Day of His Arrest.

There is that is learned about Emanuel  
Ninger, the New Jersey pen and ink  
counterfeiter, the less wonderful seems  
his work and the more remarkable seems  
the man. While Secret Service Agent  
Barr declines to make any statement re-  
garding the processes of the counterfeiter  
or any statement whatever regarding  
the man, except that he has incontroverti-  
bly proved that Ninger is the maker of  
the counterfeit notes, and that they  
were made with pen, ink and brush,  
without the aid of plates or camera, this  
description of how they are made may  
be trusted absolutely, as can also the  
statements concerning the counterfeiter.  
The information comes from the highest  
source.

When Ninger stepped out from Flaga-  
don, N. J., the other day, he had in  
his possession six \$20 notes and one \$50  
note, which, together, were the product  
of about 15 weeks' work. He passed five  
of the twenties without any difficulty.  
One of them was so good that it was ac-  
cepted by a bank when offered for de-  
posit by the man who had taken it from  
Ninger. It was the sixth \$20 note that  
got him into difficulty quite accidental-  
ly. He offered this note at a Third ave-  
nue grocery. The clerk accepted it with-  
out question. He gave it to the cashier,  
a young woman. Her hand was damp,  
and in handling the note she touched  
the series number with a damp finger.  
She noticed a blur and immediately wet  
her finger on a sponge and rubbed it  
across the number. The blur was dis-  
tinct. Ninger was going out of the store  
with his change at the time, and the  
cashier, who was quick witted, sent a  
clerk to watch him. The clerk followed  
him down town and into a saloon at 87  
Cortlandt street. Ninger purchased a  
drink and tendered a \$50 note in pay-  
ment. The bartender whisked at the  
size of it, but never suspected its genu-  
ineness, and he got the change and hand-  
ed it over. Ninger had succeeded, it is  
alleged, in getting rid of all his notes,  
and he started for the ferry. It was then  
that the clerk caught his arm. He was  
soon in the hands of the United States  
officers.

No United States officials have ad-  
mitted or asserted that Ninger has con-  
fessed to any one of them seems to  
possess information which he hardly  
could possess unless it came from the  
prisoner. It is known that the man's  
wife and children were ignorant of the  
matter. It was this secretiveness that  
enabled him so long to evade capture.  
Ninger is modest and unassuming in  
appearance. He has a florid complexion,  
a closely cropped sandy beard, and a  
mild blue eye that seems the mirror of  
innocence. He dressed as a farmer  
dresses, and he looked the farmer from  
head to foot. He would be more likely  
to be picked up by a hunko stevedore as a  
"come on" than by the secret service offi-  
cers or the police as an expert penman  
counterfeiter. The informant gives this  
description of Ninger's method of work:  
"The operator first procured bond pa-  
per, which is of about the same thick-  
ness and toughness as the genuine 'dis-  
tinctive' paper prescribed by the secre-  
tary of the treasury under the act of  
congress. Of course the bond paper has  
no silk fibers—but of this hereafter. The  
operator cut the bond paper the exact  
size of the genuine note, and it was  
then immersed in a weak solution of  
coffee. This baptism imparted to it the  
appearance of age—but not excessive  
age—as if the note had passed through  
several hands. It seemed soft and mel-  
low, but not worn or ragged.

"While the bond paper was still wet  
it was placed over the face of the genu-  
ine note, the edges being exactly flat  
together. The two were then placed flat  
upon a pane of glass and every figure  
and letter, portrait and vignette, with  
the signatures of the register of the  
treasury and of the treasurer of the  
United States, were brought out in bold  
relief, and could be plainly seen through  
the transparent bond paper. While this  
was still damp the operator approached  
a window and there placed his pane of  
glass at an angle of about 45 degrees  
against the window frame. The light of  
course shone through, rendering the trac-  
ery of the genuine engraving distinct.  
In this position the operator com-  
menced work, first with an extremely  
hard and sharp pointed lead pencil.  
With it he carefully traced and re-  
produced upon the bond paper all parts,  
even the most minute, of the genuine  
note.

"The tracing with the pencil was suc-  
ceeded by use of pen and ink, and the  
same ground was gone over, but mean-  
time, of course, the bond paper had be-  
come thoroughly dry. It was here that  
the marvelous touch and skill of the  
penman were displayed, and the steady-  
ness of his nerves, the accuracy of his  
eye and his patience are not the least  
of the marvels of his work. The shadings  
and traceries were nearly perfect. The  
reproduction of the portrait of Alexan-  
der Hamilton upon the \$20 note is cal-  
culated to deceive almost any expert.

"The operator used a camel's hair  
brush to put the colors upon the note,  
and these colors were imitated so per-  
fectly that it could not be suspected that  
they were not genuine. The silk threads,  
which in the genuine note are worked  
into the pulp of the paper, were imitated  
with the pen with red and blue ink.  
The fragmentary marks were placed  
upon the back of the counterfeiter, so that  
if the false money should be held up to  
the light it would appear to be the genu-  
ine fiber paper.

"Every obligation of the government,  
issued as money, bears upon its face the  
imprint of the seal of the treasury of the  
United States. Perhaps the skill of Ninger  
was displayed in the execution of the  
imitation of the treasury seal in a

more marked degree than in any other  
part of his work. The colors were ex-  
actly like those of the genuine seal, but  
the tracings were intricate and difficult.  
Yet the artist, if such he may be called,  
reproduced it all with wonderful skill  
and industry, so that the appearance of  
the seal would add very much to the  
deception.

"That is how the front of the note  
was made. The work on the back was  
less difficult, because there was not so  
much of it, and because, too, it was  
done almost entirely with a brush. The  
immersing of the counterfeit in a solution  
of weak coffee is an old trick of counter-  
feiters, but it probably will be admitted  
by everybody that this is the only old  
thing about the tracing of these pen,  
ink and brush notes. The rest is start-  
lingly new."—New York Sun.

**SHOULD REED RETIRE.**  
Will His Old Friends Again Address Him  
as "Tom?"

If Mr. Reed retires from the speaker-  
ship, Mr. Hopkins of Illinois will be  
one of the strongest candidates for that  
position. No man in the house has the  
confidence of his associates to a greater  
degree, and there is no one who has made  
a better record during his short term of  
service.

"If he is defeated for the presidential  
nomination, will we call him Tom  
again?" is the interesting question that  
the older members of the house of rep-  
resentatives are asking each other. The  
most of the veterans called him Tom  
until he was elected speaker of the pres-  
ent house, and it is said that even in  
Portland, where he was born and raised,  
people scarcely know him by any other  
name.

A western senator tells of his experi-  
ence when he happened to be passing  
through that city four or five years ago  
and stopped off for a few hours' visit  
with the club. As he was having his  
boots blacked by a hotel porter he asked:  
"Can you tell me where I can find  
Speaker Reed?"

"I don't know any such person," was  
the reply. "What is his business?"

"You don't know Speaker Reed? I  
thought he was the best known man in  
Portland."

A gleam of intelligence lighted up the  
bootblack's face at this remark, and he  
said apologetically: "I guess you mean  
Tom Reed, don't you? He is the biggest  
man in this town, and they say he is  
one of the biggest men in the state,"  
and he then proceeded to give the stran-  
ger minute information as to Tom's reg-  
ular habits, his comings and goings and  
where he would most likely be found  
at that time of day.—Chicago Record.

## A TIP FOR TOURISTS.

MAKING TENANTS PAY FOR BREAK-  
AGE THEY DID NOT CAUSE.

How Thrifty Paris Makes It Cheaper For  
the Stranger to Stay Than to Go—An  
American Who Beat the Game—The  
Way It Is Done in England.

Before going abroad it is meet that  
the unsophisticated tourist should under-  
stand one of the ways he is expected to  
add to the income of thrifty France if  
he means to stay in that country. This  
is best illustrated by a veritable experi-  
ence. A New Yorker engaged an apart-  
ment that had been previously occupied  
by a member of his own family. When  
the time came for giving it up, the china  
was all spread out on the table, and  
monstrous, madame and the concierge  
and candles went through the rooms  
looking for the damages that would have  
to be settled for before the stranger left.  
They found the chairs were so injured  
they would have to be re-seated—so  
much. There was a crack in the mirror  
over the mantel. A new glass would be  
necessary—so much. Passing their  
hands under each of the pieces of china  
they discovered so many nicks and dis-  
figurements that a new set of china  
must be bought—so much. "Very  
well," said the American, settling the  
bill at once.

"Now I have paid for the chairs, for  
the new glass and the china, haven't I?"  
"Yes, Monsieur was very amiable."  
"Then they're mine. I always did  
want to smash china. Here goes." Raising  
his cane he brought it down on the  
table, and the china flew into fragments.

"This is my mirror. I'll break that  
too." Whack went the mirror. The  
group was speechless, but they were not  
through with this madman plying his  
cane. One by one he struck it through  
the seats of the chairs, wrecking them  
utterly.

"They are all paid for, you know,"  
he said, with a gratified smile. For,  
you see, his relatives had told him that  
when they gave up the apartment they,  
too, had paid for reseating the chairs,  
replacing the glass and for the damaged  
china.

Don'tless the articles had been paid  
for many times. Many of the owners  
of these lodgings have secondhand stores,  
and from these the rooms are furnished.  
Onset of broken down chairs give place  
to another, decrepit sofa succeeds de-  
crepit sofa, and each is a constant source  
of income.

After a time the wary stranger learns  
to protect himself. The manner is tedious,  
but none the less effective. One fam-  
ily, after a residence of nine years, has  
reduced it to a science. When engaging  
an apartment one day is devoted to go-  
ing through it with the owner and lo-  
cating and registering all the blemishes.

Even the stains on the walls are num-  
bered, with descriptive attachments.  
The proprietors invariably protest  
against such minuteness. "Ah, madame,  
between ladies, between persons of char-  
acter!" But the mistress unrelentingly  
pursues her way. When she gives up  
the apartment and the pursuit for dam-  
ages begins, she has with her her regis-  
ter, and drawn horses could not make  
her pay for a stain if it is recorded in  
her book.

In England the matter is not such a  
personal one. When a house, lodging or  
an apartment is given up, each party is  
represented by an agent, paid at the rate  
of a guinea a day and expenses. These  
agents are left to themselves. One of  
the requirements is that everything  
must be touched, to assure by personal  
contact its state. A wall cabinet filled  
with curios must be opened and a finger  
laid on each piece in order to keep with-  
in the law. These agents, who are usu-  
ally fat and easy going, have an amiable,  
sociable time. They are full of apolo-  
gies, each to the other.

"Now, dear sir, we are not going to  
draw the lines too tight!"  
"We, on our part, are quite sure that  
you are disposed to be quite fair."

Thus they glide swiftly through the  
piles of bed linen, over the stacks of  
china and make haste to go out and  
have a two hours' lunch together.—New  
York Advertiser.

**The Home of Delight.**  
The "Home of Delight," which has  
just been opened in Philadelphia, is to  
be for the enlightenment, uplifting and  
betterment of the so called "alum"  
dwellers of Philadelphia. It is a four  
story brick structure, about 25 feet high,  
and the first floor contains the large lec-  
ture hall and two game rooms, the latter  
being equipped with table bagatelle,  
checkers, lotto and other games. The  
second story contains the library of  
1,000 volumes, and a reading room ad-  
joining. Back of these rooms is the  
printing room, whence a weekly paper  
called Our World and Work will be is-  
sued in a short time. On the third floor  
are a committee room and a game  
room, while the remainder of the house  
is occupied by the superintendent and  
his wife.—New York Tribune.

**Her Only Friends.**  
"Mamma," asked the little 4-year-old,  
"how do you spell 'ginger'?"  
"Put away your book, dear. It is  
time for you to go to bed."

"Papa, how do you?"  
"Don't bother me, Katie."

"What does it mean when it says?"  
"Didn't you hear your mother?"  
Katie threw the book on the floor.

"I don't believe there's anybody that  
loves me," she burst forth, "except  
grandpa and God. Grandpa, he's in  
Michigan, and I don't know where God  
is!"—Exchange.

**The Fish She Wanted.**  
A lady entered a south end fish mar-  
ket and asked for two pounds of head-  
ack. She meant haddock, but she pro-  
nounced the word wrong. While there  
she said that the fish in this country  
contained more bones than those in the  
old country. This may be considered a  
"fish" story, but it isn't.—New Bed-  
ford Journal.

**Quaker Ignorance.**  
The latest candidate for the vice pre-  
sidency is Adjutant General McAlpin,  
but please don't ask us who Adjutant  
General McAlpin is.—Philadelphia  
Ledger.

**POSED FOR A GODDESS.**  
The Woman Whose Face Represents the  
Silver Dollar of 1876.

Produce from your pocket a silver  
dollar of later date than 1876, gaze long  
and earnestly upon the classic profile of  
the Goddess of Liberty thereon and  
then wish a long and happy married life  
for Miss Anna Willast Williams, a  
Philadelphia schoolteacher, for that is  
the name of the fair original of the head  
on the dollar.

The goddess has just surrendered her  
liberty, or at any rate married during  
Easter week the man of her choice, but  
where he lives and what is his name she  
doesn't choose to tell.

Miss Williams was introduced to  
George Morgan of the treasury depart-  
ment by Thomas Eakins, the artist.  
Mr. Morgan had been assigned the task  
of designing a new silver dollar in 1876.  
He had completed the reverse side of  
the coin and for months had sought the  
ideal face for the Goddess of Liberty  
upon which he had determined, when  
he met Miss Williams and after much  
persuasion induced her to pose. Her por-  
trait has enjoyed the largest cir-  
culation of any picture ever published.

**She'll Fight For It.**  
Mrs. Anna Burton Jeffers, the first  
woman to be appointed to a state office  
in Maryland, has engaged counsel pre-  
paratory to making a fight for her ap-  
pointment as state librarian, should the  
legality of her right to hold the office be  
questioned. The salary is \$1,500 and  
the duties very light.

Colonel Luther H. Child, the Demo-  
cratic incumbent, says that he will make  
a contest if he is advised that a woman  
is constitutionally ineligible for the of-  
fice.

**Quaker Ignorance.**  
The latest candidate for the vice pre-  
sidency is Adjutant General McAlpin,  
but please don't ask us who Adjutant  
General McAlpin is.—Philadelphia  
Ledger.

**ON THE WAR PATH.**  
Indians in Mexico. Get Drunk and Kill  
Everybody in Sight.

CITY OF MEXICO, April 14.—A tele-  
gram from Oaxaca City states that the  
rebel Indians at the town of Juquila  
killed all the town councillors, school  
teachers, local priest, chief of police  
and the telegraph operator, in fact  
everyone holding a government place.  
The people are in terror and troops  
have been sent for the relief of the  
town.

The military movement made against  
the rebel Zamilans has resulted in driv-  
ing the Indians into the mountains.  
They began their plotting in Holy week  
instigated by human lawyers who in-  
formed them that the state taxes were  
unconstitutional, but the authorities paid  
no attention to the excitement among  
them, considering they were engaged  
in their usual drunken celebration of  
the occasion.

Procuring arms and machetes they  
made a rush for the Town hall and the  
prefect hastily closed the doors, which  
they soaked with petroleum and burned,  
thus effecting an entrance, sacking the  
place and penetrating the private apart-  
ments of the prefect, grossly maltreat-  
ing the women of his family, and then,  
turning attention to the officials,  
killed and armed servants, killed and wounded  
several.

The scene was a horrible one, as the  
assault took place in the early evening  
and the excitement of the mob was in-  
describable. The Indians were pos-  
sessed with fury and it was absolutely  
impossible for respectable inhabitants to  
control them, as all were drunk and  
maddened. The mob after sacking the  
Town hall went to the federal stamp  
office and assaulted it, turning down  
the outside with petroleum, which also  
communicated fire to the entire house,  
placing Collector Graciana, who was on  
the roof with his clerks, in a condition  
of the utmost peril, but they managed  
to escape by the rear, jumping for their  
lives.

Many shops were burned after being  
sacked and the Indians decorated them-  
selves with stolen finery. They all fled  
on the approach of the soldiers and are  
now in the hills. The revolt is local  
and will be suppressed, and the insti-  
gators of the Indians will be severely  
punished, as they took advantage of  
their gross ignorance.

**MINING TROUBLE SETTLED.**  
Four Hundred Carleton Miners Return  
to Work.

CARLETON, O., April 14.—After  
much arbitration the trouble with the  
400 miners employed in No. 5, south of  
this city, owned and operated by the J.  
H. Somers company of Cleveland, was  
settled. The men had demanded an in-  
crease, while the company proposed a  
reduction. The men will return at the  
former rate of 16 cents per ton for room  
work and 20 cents for entry work,  
which is 85 cents per ton in excess of  
the district price for mining with the  
Jeffrey machine. The company has  
agreed to pay the excessive rate as long  
as the 61-cent rate remains in effect in  
Ohio.

**New Use For Glass.**  
KOKOMO, Ind., April 14.—A couple of  
gentlemen have invented a glass coffin  
for use in the interment of the dead,  
and were here a few days ago trying to  
arrange with the Diamond Plate Glass  
company of this city for the manufac-  
ture of the glass for the caskets. The  
coffins are to be entirely of glass, un-  
ground and unpolished plates for the  
sides and bottom, and the finest polished  
plates for the top.

**Will Not Go to Washington.**  
WASHINGTON, April 14.—Minister  
Kunino of Japan and members of his  
suite have left here for New York,  
where they will meet Count Yamagata,  
the field marshal of Japan, who won  
the great battles of the recent Japanese-  
Chinese war. The distinguished general  
will not come to Washington.

**A Complete Rout.**  
MASSOWAT, April 14.—Further ad-  
vices from the front show that the der-  
rish retreat after the recent fighting  
was in the nature of a complete rout.  
Colonel Stevani burned the intrench-  
ment works of Turuf and Gulsist. The  
retreating dervishes inflicted consid-  
erable loss on the Shoans.

**Plastered With Mud.**  
LANDER, Wyo., April 14.—A singular  
phenomenon was a shower in this city.  
First red, and then yellow clay fell,  
followed a little later by almost black  
mud. People who were out in the storm  
looked as though they had been churned  
in a tubful of mud.

**Will Sue For Damages.**  
KENT, O., April 14.—Anson B. Strong  
and Attorney M. G. McCastin have  
gone to Akron, where it is said Strong  
will begin suit against Summit county  
for damages for false imprisonment for  
his arrest on the charge of murdering  
the Stone family.

**Death of an Old Physician.**  
CARLETON, O., April 14.—Dr. Wil-  
liam Tripp of this city, who was pur-  
chasing the oldest practicing physician in  
the state, is dead. Deceased was promi-  
nently known in Odd Fellowship, Ma-  
sonic and G. A. R. circles throughout  
the state.

**Died Friendless.**  
AKRON, O., April 14.—Harry Morton,  
40, a resident of Kansas City, died sud-  
denly in the city prison from delirium  
tremens. No one claimed the body, so  
it was sent to a Cleveland medical insti-  
tute for dissection.

**Matabels Go Skyward.**  
BIRMINGHAM, Matabeland, April 14.—  
Advices received from Gwelo say that a  
terrible explosion of dynamite occurred  
on Friday last at the Eagle Reef store,  
near that place, and that 200 Matabels  
were killed.

**Another Cigarette Victim.**  
KOKOMO, Ind., April 14.—Bert T.  
Derek died after lying unconscious for  
four weeks. Before contracting the  
cigarette habit he was counted one of  
the brightest pupils in the high school.

**Electrical Storm.**  
MILLERSBURG, O., April 14.—This  
place was visited by an electrical storm  
of great severity. The telephone ser-  
vice was badly demoralized and a dozen  
machines were burned out.

## BEDRIDDEN.

Fifteen Years of Suffering.

The Doctors Wanted  
**SEVEN HUNDRED DOLLARS**  
to Attempt the Case.

The following is a letter we re-  
ceived a short time ago from Mrs. M.  
C. Hinkley, 602 North Mississippi  
St., Indianapolis, Ind.:

GENTLEMEN:—While suffering in-  
tensely from piles, I became inter-  
ested in your advertisement in one of  
our daily papers and procured a pack-  
age of your Pyramid Pile Cure from  
our druggist. Contrary to my expecta-  
tions, the relief was instantaneous.  
I used two boxes of the Pile Cure and  
one of the Pills, and am convinced  
that they are the only cure for piles  
on the market. I have been a sufferer  
from piles for fifteen years, and have  
been confined to my bed about one-  
half of the time, expecting and wish-  
ing for death, for the pain was so  
great. I went to the college here  
and the doctors said my case was a  
new one to them, the great pain  
having brought on a large rupture,  
which they wanted seven hundred  
dollars to cut out. I was very much  
afraid that death would result from  
the blood-poisoning which they said  
would result from the operation. I  
feel as though I can't praise the  
Pyramid Pile Cure and the Pyramid  
Pills too highly, as I am convinced  
that they saved my life. Before  
using your cure I weighed only ninety  
pounds, and now I weigh one  
hundred and fifty and feel as well as  
I ever did in my life. You are at  
liberty to use this testimonial in any  
manner you may see fit, as I want all  
sufferers from this terrible disease to  
know that there has at last been  
compounded a remedy that will cure  
piles.

Mrs. M. C. HINKLEY.

There is no need of the danger,  
pain and expense of a surgical opera-  
tion for any form of piles. The  
Pyramid Pile Cure does the work  
without pain, and is the safest and  
best. Remember, also, that the  
Pyramid Pills are a certain cure for  
constipation, acting without griping  
and restoring natural action to the  
bowels.

The Pyramid Pile Cure is sold by  
druggists at 50 cents and \$1.00, and  
the Pyramid Pills at 25 cents, or by  
mail from Pyramid Co., Albion,  
Mich.

**A Digging Fish.**  
The digging fish is a native of the  
lakes and rivers of central Africa.  
When the dry season approaches, it bur-  
rows in the mud at the bottom of its  
residence to the depth of two or three  
feet, goes to sleep and awaits the return  
of the wet season.—Chicago Chronicle.

**An Affidavit.**  
This is to certify that on May 11th,  
I walked to Melick's drug store on a  
pair of crutches and bought a bottle  
of Chamberlain's Pain Balm for in-  
flammatory rheumatism, which had  
crippled me up. After using three  
bottles I am completely cured. I can  
cheerfully recommend it.—Charles  
H. Wetzel, Sunbury, Pa.

Sworn and subscribed to before me  
on August 10, 1894.—Walter Ship-  
man, J. P.

For sale at 50 cents per bottle by  
Melville Bros., corner Main and High  
streets, and C. W. Heister, 58 Public  
Square.

**Machinery Quickly Stopped.**  
A Frenchman has devised a contrivance  
for quickly stopping heavy machin-  
ery. Upon touching a button the power  
is shut off and a powerful brake applied  
to the flywheel. A 30 horsepower engine  
working at 90 revolutions per second  
was stopped in two-thirds of a second.

**R. C. Folner, Allen P. O., Hillside**  
Co., Mich., says: "Nothing gave my  
rheumatism such quick relief as Dr.  
Thomas' Electric Oil."

**Altogether Different.**  
"I don't know how I'm going to make  
out," said the agricultural statesman  
who had been retired. "I've got to de-  
pend on the old farm for a living now,  
and I'm bloated if I feel any certainty  
about making it pay."

"But you used to make

## CLEVELAND MAY RUN

WALTER WELLMAN SAYS HE IS WILLING TO ACCEPT RENOMINATION.

Programme is outlined—Control by Gold Men an Essential Feature—Carlsruhe Active in the Race President a Receptive Candidate.

President Cleveland will not decline a renomination if it is tendered to him by the Democratic national convention.

Secretary Carlisle is a candidate for the Democratic nomination for president.

I am today able to state authoritatively what the attitude of the president is concerning the nomination, and also to explain the meaning of the candidacy of Secretary Carlisle.

Secretary Olney is not and will not be a candidate for president, and ex-Secretary Whitney is not and will not be a candidate.

The administration programme is as follows:

First.—To secure control of the convention and adopt an anti-silver platform.

Second.—To nominate Secretary Carlisle if possible.

Third.—That failing, to nominate Mr. Cleveland for a fourth time.

The friends of Secretary Olney, of ex-Secretary Whitney and of ex-Governor Russell of Massachusetts, who, under favorable circumstances, might wish to work for the selection of their favorites, all understand that the president has arranged his plans on the lines which I have just described, and thus state of affairs necessarily precludes the possibility of any other candidate from the wing of the party to which the president belongs.

The president is to be permitted to go ahead with his programme without interference. All the eastern leaders of the party not directly attached to the administration will participate in the pre-convention campaign, if at all, only in the most passive way. This is true of Senators Gorman, Bruce and Hill, ex-Secretary Whitney, ex-Governor Russell and many others. The truck is to be cleared for President Cleveland's plan of Secretary Carlisle or himself.

In the opinion of men familiar with the facts, President Cleveland expects to carry the first and third numbers of his programme.

Within the last few weeks there has been a good deal of newspaper talk about Mr. Carlisle's candidacy. It has been said that the president would write a letter emphatically declining again to permit his name to be used in connection with the nomination, and in this letter he would make Secretary Carlisle his political heir and ask the Democratic party to give him its support.

It has also been said that there was some friction in the cabinet between Secretary of State Olney and Secretary of the Treasury Carlisle as to the political succession, and that the president had put Mr. Olney to one side in favor of Mr. Carlisle. These stories are devoid of truth.

The president will not decline a renomination if it is offered to him with substantial unanimity. He does not propose to enter into any scramble for the honor or to use any of the enormous federal patronage at his disposal to bring it about. If, however, when the delegates meet at Chicago, it shall be the opinion of a majority of them that he is the strongest candidate to defeat Major McKinley, who, the president expects, will be the nominee of the Republican convention at St. Louis, and the platform is a ringing declaration in favor of "sound money" and the principles of tariff reform to which the Democratic party stands pledged, Mr. Cleveland will not decline the honor.

In the meantime, and unless it should become manifestly apparent that the Democratic convention is going to fall into the hands of the free silver wing of the party, or that the opponents of Mr. Cleveland are determined to humiliate him, the president will not publicly proclaim his position, nor will he write any letter either announcing himself as a candidate or declining to allow his name to go before the convention. There will be no change in his position. He will simply permit matters to drift and assume shape without active interference from him.

As to Mr. Carlisle's candidacy, the facts are as follows:

Mr. Carlisle is a candidate in the fullest sense of the word. He would like to receive the nomination. He thinks his standing and services to the party entitle him to it. Mr. Cleveland agrees with him, and no one would be more happy than Mr. Cleveland to see him nominated. Even if Mr. Cleveland is forced into accepting the nomination, he will not do so because he wants to satisfy his ambition, or because he desires a continuance of power. He will accept as a matter of duty solely because the party calls upon him to make the fight.

His encouragement of the candidacy of Mr. Carlisle of itself forms a reason why the president does not officially announce his position. So long as it is not generally known whether he is or is not a candidate other men who might want to be candidates are deterred from entering the race, and in that way the running is made all the easier for Mr. Carlisle. In that sense Mr. Carlisle is the administration candidate. But I repeat, and with emphasis, that if Mr. Carlisle cannot be nominated, and if a demand goes up from the party for Mr. Cleveland again to accept the nomination—provided that the platform meets with his approval—he will not decline the leadership.

There is nothing in the talk of friction between Mr. Carlisle and Mr. Olney. The secretary of state is not a candidate and would not walk the length of his room in the state department to secure the nomination. If it should come to him unsought and unwelcome, he would not decline it, but he would rather wait a day than thrust upon him. Mr. Olney has a sincere respect for Mr. Carlisle's ability and force of

character and personally has great liking for him.

While some members of the administration do not think the president is adopting a wise plan in putting Mr. Carlisle forward as the nominal administration candidate, there is no disposition to complain of the object. Few, if any, of the president's advisers believe Mr. Carlisle can be nominated. The opposition to him in the south and west is bitter and unrelenting, growing out of the belief that the secretary of the treasury deserted his former friends.

The apparent improbability of Mr. Carlisle's nomination and the known willingness of President Cleveland to be considered a reserve candidate are two conditions which strengthen the belief in well-informed circles that the president expects to be the nominee himself and that Mr. Carlisle is put forward as a stalking horse. An important member of the administration said to me today: "Mr. Carlisle will make the running, but Mr. Cleveland will be the nominee."

In other words, President Cleveland is regarded by the men who are very near to him as a reserve or receptive candidate—not anxious, but willing.

I repeat what has already been announced in these dispatches, that Mr. Cleveland believes the Republicans will straddle the silver question at St. Louis and nominate Major McKinley, and that he (Mr. Cleveland) can carry the country on a gold standard, low tariff platform. President Cleveland has tremendous confidence in himself and in his popularity with the masses of the people. He believes he can rally to his support the business and conservative elements of the Union. Moreover, Mr. Cleveland believes it to be his duty to run, if the party asks him to run, even in the face of certain defeat.

In this connection I wish to give one of the secrets of the administration campaign. It is the belief of the president and his lieutenants that they will be able to obtain possession of the national convention through the efforts of the officeholders to elect themselves and their friends as delegates. By this is not meant offensive partisanship or anything of that sort. Of course Mr. Cleveland would not countenance any use of the power of the government to perpetuate himself as the leader of his party. To use the power of the government machine, however, for the purpose of holding the party to the principles of sound finance is quite another matter.

Another thing is that the officeholders are about the only Democrats who have enough money to enable them to go to local, state and national conventions. I am told it is a positive fact that Iowa was carried for "sound money" last year because few but the postmasters were able to bear the expense of going to the conventions. If the officeholders obtain possession of the convention for the sake of sound currency and then choose to use their power in effecting the nomination of President Cleveland, who can say them nay?—Walter Wellman in Chicago Times-Herald.

## AN EIGHT HOUR DAY.

Union Workmen Will Make a Demand For It in Cleveland.

Five thousand union men employed in the building trades of Cleveland on May 1 will demand an eight hour day. Until recently it was intended that only the union carpenters would make the demand, but the labor agitators who have been canvassing the city report that the unionists in the building trades have decided to stand together.

The tradesmen who will make the demand are, besides carpenters, plasterers, stonemasons, bricklayers, mortar mixers and hod carriers.

Headquarters have been established, and circulars are being forwarded to contractors in the city notifying them of the demand that will be made and requesting them to recognize the desire of the men.

## Gladstone's Unusual Traits.

Will Mr. Gladstone ever grow tired of being photographed? And will the public never weary of presentations of the aged statesman solitary in his library? There are two things that the world will probably remember about Mr. Gladstone when his oratory and his personality are forgotten. One is his extraordinary power of concentration upon the subject in hand, the other the fact that he takes 82 bites to every mouthful of food.—St. James' Budget.

## Smoked Him Out.

Smoking out an obstinate juror is a new way of arriving at a verdict which was successfully tried by 11 good men and true in Hartford a few days ago, according to The Times. The obstinate juror stood out for a long time, and his will was only conquered when he became physically prostrated by the volumes of smoke that filled the jury room from the cigars, pipes and cigarettes of the 11 other jurymen.

## "Healer" Schlatter Heard From.

Schlatter, the New Mexico Messiah, so called, is still fasting at the Hermosillo ranch, in western Sonora county, N. M., owned by Mrs. Ada Morley Jarrett. This lady, a highly educated woman, is making a study of the strange man. She writes to a newspaper that she is not yet at liberty to speak of Schlatter and his future plans, but promises to do so shortly.

## A Peculiar Feature.

England is advancing up the Nile in order to obtain "a natural frontier." It is one of the peculiarities of the earth's topography that the British are always compelled to take in a little more land to get the lines right.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

## Where Are They?

Still there are quite a number of persons who will not ride bicycles this year.—Chicago Record.

## His Silent Conviction.

Nearly every citizen of a town he leaves that he "made" it.—Acheson Globe.

# Easy to Take Easy to Operate Hood's Pills

Are features peculiar to Hood's Pills. Small in size, tasteless, efficient, thorough. As one man said: "You never know you have taken a pill till it is all over."—C. C. Hood & Co., Proprietors, Lowell, Mass.

The only pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

## THE KAISER'S NEW METEOR.

Build on the Lines of Valkyrie III, With Certain Improvements.

The yacht Meteor, now in process of construction at Meadowsdale, Glasgow, at the yards of D. & W. Henderson, the dimensions and design having been carefully guarded, is being pushed rapidly toward completion.

The new yacht, which has been designed for Kaiser Wilhelm by Watson, measures 120 feet over all, with a lead water line length of 88 feet 10 inches. Her extreme beam measurement is 25 feet and her draft is estimated to be 16 feet 3 inches. Her racing length, according to the eminent designer's figures, will be 99 feet 6 inches.

Her sail spread is enormous, being calculated at 14,000 square feet, and her immense boom extends far out beyond the long overhanging stern.

The planking, from keel to water line, is of American elm, while her top sides will be of selected mahogany. Her frames are made of steel, similar to that used in the construction of the 30 knot torpedo boat Destroyer, now building on the Thames. The latest creation of the English designer is similar to Lord Darnley's yacht Valkyrie III in appearance, but the German emperor's yacht is an improvement on the above mentioned vessel, Mr. Watson having learned a lesson from the Herreshoffs and made her keel shorter than the Irish earl's yacht, and tapering from the bows to the water line in a more gradual curve.

She will have three sets of spars made, each of which will be given a trial before the new yacht will be tried out in a race.

## TO REMOVE FROM LONDON.

Salvation Army Headquarters May Be Established in New York.

It is more than possible that the international headquarters of the Salvation Army will shortly be transferred from London to New York. It is understood that such a move is contemplated to offset the feeling in America that the Army is an English institution, founded and conducted upon English principles.

Commander Booth-Tucker, the new head of the Army in this country, practically acknowledged this fact recently. Ballington Booth, ever since his departure from the Salvation Army, has dwelt upon the English origin of the Army and emphasized the fact that the Volunteers is an American institution.

At the same time attention was directed to the commanding officers of the Salvation Army. Every one of them, who occupied a position of any responsibility is a foreigner.

The keen general saw that his son was making a point that would be appreciated by the American people.—New York Journal.

## NEW FLYING MACHINE.

Boston Man Has Some Ideas He Is Ready to Apply to One.

Samuel Cabot, the Boston flying machine inventor, who is just starting to Europe to study flying machines, has invented and tested a propeller to be used in aerial navigation.

The propeller, made something like the propeller of a steamship, is operated by foot power and revolves at a high rate of speed. Mr. Cabot tested the machine by attaching it to a couple of bicycles which he fastened together. Then the pedals of the bicycles were removed and those of the propeller put on.

When the big fan began to turn, away went the bicycle, and the farther it went the higher became its rate of speed, until at last it was bowling along at the rate of ten miles an hour.

Mr. Cabot thinks he has solved one of the problems of man flight. Now, if he can get a machine that will stay up in the air, he calculates that he can drive it along with his invention.

## Good For Bishop Littlejohn.

Bishop Littlejohn has been invited by the syndicate of Cambridge university, England, to be select preacher in June, 1897.

It is now 16 years since Bishop Littlejohn, in response to a like invitation, delivered a series of discourses on "Individualism," subsequently printed by The University press and widely circulated in England and in this country. As a recognition of the value of these discourses, Bishop Littlejohn was honored with the degree of LL. D.

He was the first American ever invited to perform a like service in the University of Cambridge.

## Sand Piles For School Children.

Mayor Caldwell of Cincinnati has proposed to Superintendent of Schools Morgan that the school grounds be left open during the summer months.

"The janitor can take charge of the children," said the mayor. "I will see that the board of education furnishes the material for sand piles for the children to play on."

## Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world to Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no money required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Melville Bros.

## STORIES OF THE DAY.

Senator Bruce Coins an Apt Campaign Phrase.

Senator Bruce has coined a new phrase, and a very apt one it is. A day or two ago he was talking with a New England senator who is so earnestly in favor of the nomination of either Reed or Allison that he is half the time in a state of angry excitement. This senator, who is noted for his love of speculation in Wall street, his penchant for bluffing at poker and the stiff hand which he generally plays in politics and legislation, said to Mr. Bruce:

"We will tie up 100 or 150 southern votes in contests. We will take possession of the national committee, the committee on credentials, the temporary organization of the convention, and we will knock McKinley out in the first round."

"That is, you say you will," replied Mr. Bruce, "but I'll venture the prediction you do nothing of the sort. At St. Louis there will be 20,000 McKinley men howling for fair play, and you fellows will weaken. You will never dare play your game out."

"Don't you think I have nerve, Bruce?"

"Yes, you have, but it is all preliminary nerve."—Walter Wellman in Chicago Times-Herald.

## The Champion Mean Trick.

The champion mean man sat in an up town cafe yesterday. To him entered a small Italian newsboy with afternoon journals.

"I can't read," evasively said the mean man.

"There pictures in some of 'em," blandly insinuated the lad.

"No, I don't want any newspapers," replied the mean man, "but I'll give you a dime if you'll say, 'Hurrah for Abyssinia!'"

"For 'Byrrsinia!' repeated the youthful guinea.

"Now, another dime if you'll say, 'Long live King Menelik,'" continued the mean man.

The boy repeated the words with enthusiasm and got his money.

"Now, my dago friend with the fatal gift of beauty," said the mean man, "don't you know that you have fore-sworn your country? No? I thought not. You don't read your own papers. Then what business have you to recommend them to me?"

But the betrayer of his native land had already fled to the nearest crap game.—John Smith in Buffalo Express.

## The X Ray and the Sage.

The X ray, wandering about space, looking for something it could not penetrate, met a sage who had spent many years in the same quest. The X ray asked the bald philosopher how he was getting along.

"As you see," said the sage, who instantly felt the X ray piercing his skull. "I see that you do not try to deceive me," said the X ray, "but I also see that you are not making any progress whatever in your efforts to find something you can't see through, so your polite reply does not after all convey the exact truth."

Astonished at such cleverness, the sage confessed to the X ray in strict confidence that the universe had grown very dull to him. "I long," he declared, "for the good old days of mystery and wonder. It is impossible to keep up one's interest in things when one has lost the chance of being deceived or eluded upon any point. Life's illusions are its greatest blessings."

"You speak my inmost thoughts," exclaimed the X ray. "I am young and you are old, but like you, I am nearly bored to death. Nothing is hidden from me, nothing is softened or beautified by the mists and veils which ordinarily have wrapped existence in their charming and elusive folds. I am beginning to wish that I had never been discovered."—Ada C. Sweet in Chicago Times-Herald.

## Riley to Croton.

The following, from the pen of James Whitcomb Riley, is certainly as sweet as the famous song it paraphrases. And yet it is not a paraphrase, for we forget all save the tenderness and love it breathes in every line:

Kathleen Maureen, the song is still ringing  
As fresh and as clear as the trill of the bird  
In world weary hearts it is sobbing and singing  
In paths too sweet for the tenderest word.  
Oh, have we forgotten the one who first  
breathed it?  
Oh, have we forgotten his rapturous cry,  
Our soul to the master whose genius he  
quoted it?  
Oh, why art thou silent, thou voice of my heart?

Kathleen Maureen, thy lover still lingers—  
The long night is waning, the stars pale and few;  
Thy sad serenade with tremulous fingers  
Is bound with his tears as the lily with dew.

The old lute strings quaver, the old voice is  
shaking,  
In sighs and in sobs means the yearning re-  
turn.  
The old vision dims, and the old heart is  
breaking—  
Kathleen Maureen, inspire us again!

Several years ago James Whitcomb Riley wrote to the writer of this column, "The author of 'Kathleen Maureen' is ill and in poverty," and enclosed a copy of his own beautiful verses, quoted above, and at that time Riley rendered the aged and famous song writer substantial aid. We repeat that, in the loving tribute quoted, Riley has almost surpassed the original.—Frank L. Stanton in Atlanta Constitution.

## Kentucky Man Hears the News.

James Lacy, an old gentleman of prominence and high standing in Hazel Green, Ky., received by mail last week a copy, sent and apparently new, of the New York Herald, containing an account of the assassination and death of President Abraham Lincoln, dated April 15, 1865, which was mailed to him a few days after the date it bears, nearly 31 years ago. It was taken from the office to him by his third wife, who is now 29 years of age, the paper being mailed two years before her birth.—Chicago Times-Herald.

I, E. B. Priddy, Westchester, Iowa, writer, January 21, 1896. "It is with great pleasure that I recommend Dr. Kay's Renovator, especially for what you claim to be a remedy for worn out business men. I have had a hard and long struggle for over a year, and I concluded to wear it out, but gave it up, as I was growing worse. I have now taken two 25-cent boxes, and will say I am now entirely free from my feeling. I am confident that your Dr. Kay's Renovator will remove that tired, languid feeling, usually called spring fever, and shall treasure it as a household remedy, and recommend it to all afflicted with that malady." The many cures, and out a failure, attest the fact that

# Dr. Kay's Renovator

Is a positive cure for the worst cases of headache, dyspepsia, constipation, liver and kidney diseases and all nervous and blood diseases, biliousness, dependency, rheumatism, etc. AT THIS TIME OF YEAR it is invaluable, as it renovates and invigorates the whole system and purifies and enriches the blood, giving new life and vigor to the whole body. The very best nerve tonic known. Very pleasant and easy to take. IT HAS TWO TO FOUR TIMES AS MUCH EFFECT AS OTHERS. IT IS THE BEST REMEDY FOR SELLING FOR SAME PRICE. Sold by druggists, or sent by mail on receipt of 25c. in 25c. and 50c. fl. Send for the booklet; it treats all diseases and many say it is worth more than they could get another sent free from our western office, Dr. H. J. Kay, Medical Co., 223 South 14th street, Omaha, Neb.

SOLD BY THE HARLEY PHARMACY, LIMA, O.

Bishop Julius of New Zealand is much troubled by the number of spurious coins found in the church offertories of the diocese. In a recent sermon he said: "I never saw so much bad coin in all my life. To offer to the church—the cause of God—money that the baker or the butcher would not accept shocks me. The man that would give that wants the grace of God badly—or three times!"

## Ancient Manuscript Gospel Found.

The London News recently published a dispatch from Constantinople saying that an ancient and beautiful manuscript copy of the gospel, dating back to the sixth century, has been found in Asia Minor. It is written on the finest and thinnest of vellum, which is dyed purple. The letters are silver, except for the abbreviations and sacred names, which are in gold.

Representatives of English and American universities have unsuccessfully sought to obtain possession of the precious manuscript, it having been secured by Russia.

## High Honor For Bishop Potter.

Bishop Potter of New York has been invited by the authorities of Cambridge university, England, to be select preacher to the university during the month of May, 1897. The appointment as select preacher to one of the great English universities never has been conferred before upon a bishop or priest of the American church so far as the record obtainable shows.

## The Time for Building

up the system is at this season. The cold weather has made unusual drains upon the vital forces. The blood has become impoverished and impure, and all the functions of the body suffer in consequence. Hood's Sarsaparilla is the great builder, because it is the One True Blood Purifier and nerve tonic.

Hood's Pills become the favorite cathartic with all who use them. All druggists, 25c.

## Cyrus Field's Advice to Garrett.

When young Bob Garrett took it upon himself to run the earth, after he became president of the Baltimore and Ohio, he started the Baltimore and Ohio sleeping car system, the Baltimore and Ohio Express company and the Baltimore and Ohio Telegraph company. One day he ran across Cyrus Field in New York, and the old financier took him to hand.

"Robert," he said, "your father and I were friends during his lifetime, and I don't want to see you ruin the great property he built up. But you are starting out well to do it. No man in the world can do what you have started out to do—light the Pennsylvania railroad with your railroad, fight the Western Union Telegraph company with your telegraph company, fight Pullman's Palace Car company with your sleeping car company, and the Adams Express company with your express company. My boy!—laying his hand affectionately on Bob's shoulder—"you are going to ruin yourself. No one can hope to make a successful fight against four such corporations as those. They will wreck you!"—New York Press.

## Novel Safety Lamp.

The new safety lamp for mines, operating upon a peculiar principle, is reported as being in successful use in Germany. A peculiarity of this lamp is noted—namely, that it is not closed in any special way, like other lamps, and it matters very little whether or not the workman, disregarding the regulations of the mine, succeeds in opening the lamp, for there is a special arrangement by means of which the flame is extinguishable at the same instant. This is explained by there being in the interior of the lamp glass a spring which is compressed when the upper piece is screwed down, which enables a cap to operate upon the wick in such a manner as to shift it aside, facilitating the lighting of the lamp and afterward the combustion. When the spring is worked in the contrary direction, the cap again operates upon the wick, and the flame ceases the moment the cap comes in contact with the air. The lamp can be lighted without being opened.

## Powerful and Peaceful.

Hitherto in praising a nation the orator andologist have employed the word warlike. From the Greeks we learned to wed the horrible with the beautiful. The proudest claim of the Athenians was that they excelled all others "in arts and in arms." Let the United States claim the pure glory to which they alone of all the nations, past or present, are entitled, the "powerful and peaceful nation."—Chicago Interior.

Pleasant to take, positive and instant in its results, in fact, the best cough medicine in the world, Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup.

## Notice to Contractors.

The Board of Education of Bath township, Allen county, Ohio, will receive sealed bids up to 10 o'clock on the 20th day of April, 1896, at the office of the Township Clerk, for the construction of a brick school house in district No. 3. Plans and specifications can be seen at the clerk's office of said township. Desiring to bid on said work are invited to examine the material now on the ground and will be expected to use it as a guide, as it can be done to make a first-class job in accordance with the specifications. Bidders will be required to accompany their bids with sufficient guaranty that in event they bid is accepted they will enter into a contract to perform the work in accordance therewith. All bids must state the cost of the work and material separately. The Board of Education reserves the right to reject any and all bids. The party or parties to whom the contract is awarded will be required to give good and sufficient bond with sureties in double the amount of their bid for the faithful performance of their work; and must accompany their bid with the names of the parties whom they will give as surety upon the said bond. The work required to be done must be completed on or before September 1, 1896.

Bids will be opened on Tuesday, April 22nd, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the Board of Education. By order, J. K. Douglas, Township Clerk.

## DON'T STOP TOBACCO.

HOW TO CURE YOURSELF WHILE USING IT.

The tobacco habit grows on a man and his nervous system is seriously affected, impairing health, comfort and happiness. To quit suddenly is too severe a shock to the system, as tobacco to an inveterate user becomes a stimulant that his system continually craves. "Baco-Cure" is a scientific cure for the tobacco habit, in all its forms, carefully compounded after the formula of an eminent Berlin physician, who has used it in his private practice since 1872, with no failure. It is purely vegetable, and guaranteed perfectly harmless. You can use all the tobacco you want while taking "Baco-Cure." It will notify you when to stop. We give a written guarantee to cure permanently any case with three boxes, or refund the money with 10 per cent. interest. "Baco-Cure" is not a substitute, but a scientific cure, that cures without the aid of will power and with no inconvenience. It leaves the system as pure and free from nicotine as the day you took your first chew of smoke.

Cured by Baco-Cure and Gained Thirty Pounds.

From hundreds of testimonials the originals of which are on file and open to inspection, the following are selected.

Clayton, Nevada Co., Ark., Jan. 25, 1895. "Europe Chemical and Mfg. Co., La Crosse, Wis.—I mention you, forty years I used tobacco, and I was a very heavy smoker. From that time I was a great sufferer from general debility and heart disease. For 17 years I tried to quit, but couldn't. I tried various remedies, among others 'Baco-Cure.' The 'Baco-Cure' cured me. I purchased a box of your 'Baco-Cure' and it has entirely cured me of the habit in all its forms, and I have increased my weight 30 pounds, and am relieved from all the numerous aches and pains of body and mind I could write a quire of paper on my changed feelings and condition. Yours respectfully, P. H. Mankin."

Pastor O. P. Church, Clayton, Ark.

Sold by all druggists at \$1.00 per box, three boxes, thirty days' treatment, \$2.00 with iron clad written guarantee, or sent direct upon receipt of price. Write for booklet and proofs. Eureka Chemical and Mfg. Co., La Crosse, Wis., and Boston, Mass. 1-13m

ERIE LINES. Chicago & Erie Railroad.

Time card in effect Feb. 9, 1895.

FROM LIMA, OHIO.

TRAINS WEST. DEPART

No. 6 Vestibule Limited, daily, for Chicago, 11:23 a. m.  
" 2 Pacific Express, daily for Chicago, 12:12 a. m.  
" 1 Express, daily, except Sunday, for Chicago, 10:47 a. m.  
" 21 Local, daily, except Sunday, 7:00 a. m.

TRAINS EAST.

No. 3 Vestibule Limited, daily, for New York and Boston, 8:15 p. m.  
" 2 Express, daily, except Sunday, for New York and Boston, 9:30 p. m.  
" 12 Express, daily, for New York, 2:00 a. m.  
" 21 Express, daily, except Sunday, for New York, 7:00 a. m.  
Trains No. 1 and 2 stop at stations on O. & C. division.

Train No. 12 carries through sleeping cars to Columbus, Ohio, and Chicago, via Portmouth, Ironton, W. & Kenova, via Columbus, Hocking Valley & Toledo, and Norfolk & Western lines.

Through coaches and sleeping cars to New York and Boston.

FRANK O. McODD, Agent.

W. G. McEDWARD, Traveling Agent.

**EXTRA! EXTRA!**  
**ENGAGEMENT EXTRAORDINARY!**  
**10, 20 AND 30c.**

**AUROT: OPERA: HOUSE.**  
 One Week, Commencing  
**MONDAY, APRIL 13th.**

**WILSON THEATRE COMPANY**  
 In a series of Grand Scenic Plays,  
**"THE WHITE SLAVE."**  
**"TEMPTATION OF MONEY."**  
**"OLD GLORY."**  
**"TRAIN WRECKERS."**  
**"PAWN TICKET 210."**  
**"SUNNY HOME."**

Others, New! New! Everything New!  
 Songs, Dances and Tris.  
**A CAR LOAD OF SCENERY.**

**LADIES FREE!**  
 Lady and gentleman, or two ladies, ad-  
 mitted on one paid ticket Monday night.  
**PEOPLE'S POPULAR PRICES,**  
**10, 20 AND 30c.**  
 Tickets on sale Saturday.

Everything that you want in  
 Life Insurance Policy  
 will be found with

**THE STATE MUTUAL**  
**LIFE ASSURANCE**  
**COMPANY,**  
 Worcester, Massachusetts.

For information or an agency, ap-  
 ply to  
**P. E. BUNNELL,**  
 DISTRICT AGENT  
 NOLAN, OHIO.

**HINES BROTHERS,**  
**Physicians and Surgeons**  
 W. L. HINES, SPECIALIST.  
 Diseases of Women and Children.  
 Office—Rooms 1 and 2, Cincinnati Block,  
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**H. HUNTLEY, M. D.,**  
 Metropolitan Block,  
 Room 11.  
 Residence 327 North Elizabeth Street.

**MONEY TO LOAN.**  
 I have money to loan on good city and  
 country property in sums to suit at lowest rates  
 and rates of interest. No delay. Give me a  
 call before making arrangements elsewhere.  
**W. E. WALLACE,**  
 Room 8, Second Floor, Edison Block,  
 1-2717

**E. G. BURTON, M. D.**  
 Office 4 and 5, Kendall block, over O. I.  
 Block Store  
 Old phone, office, No. 225; residence phone  
 No. 290; No. residence, 637 W. Market street.  
 1-25-26-27

**DRS. BROOKS AND COLLINS,**  
 Office, rooms Nos. 31, 32 and 33, Opera block  
 Third floor. Easily reached by elevator.  
 Telephone No. 314, of the Lima Telephone Co.

**MONEY TO LOAN.**  
 I have Eastern money to loan at a very low  
 rate of interest. Why pay 8 and 9 per cent.  
 when you can get it so cheap. Call on me be-  
 fore you borrow.  
**T. K. WILKINS,**  
 Rooms 9 and 10, Opera Block, Second Floor  
 Lima, Ohio. 9-1219

**NO. 54.**  
 East Side Public Square. First-class Barber  
 Shop. Ladies' and Children's Haircutters  
 done to order. Special room for ladies' hair  
 dressing.  
**A. G. LUTZ, Proprietor.**

**A Bowerly Walter's Amendment.**  
 A slim young man with a high stand-  
 ing collar and straw colored mackintosh  
 hurried into a Bowerly restaurant the  
 other evening. As the waiter with furled  
 shirt sleeves threw his towel down  
 on the table and gave it a wipe the slim  
 young man jumped.

"What'll yer have?" asked the waiter.  
 "A piece of apple pie and a cup of  
 coffee, and hurry up," said the young  
 man firmly.

"Say, look a here, young feller," said  
 the waiter, shaking his finger at the  
 guest. "I'll git yer de pie and I'll git  
 yer de coffee, but I'll be hanged if I'll  
 hurry up." And the big fellow slouched  
 off toward the kitchen, leaving the young  
 man transfixed.

"One in de dark and Ere's gift to  
 Adam on a limited freight for a Cholly-  
 was the order he yelled into the  
 kitchen."—New York Sun.

During the winter of 1893, F. M.  
 Martin, of Long Reach, West Va.,  
 contracted a severe cold which left  
 him with a cough. In speaking of  
 how he cured it, he says: "I used  
 several kinds of cough syrup, but  
 found no relief until I bought a bot-  
 tle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy,  
 which relieved me almost instantly,  
 and in a short time brought about a  
 complete cure." When troubled  
 with a cough or cold use this remedy  
 and you will not find it necessary to  
 try several kinds before you get re-  
 lief. It has been in the market for  
 over twenty years and constantly  
 grown in favor and popularity. For  
 sale at 25 and 50 cents per bottle by  
 Melville Bros., corner Main and High  
 streets, and C. W. Heister, 58 Public  
 Square.

Mrs. A. Sandstedt, 6th and Martha  
 Sts., Omaha, Neb., writes: "I have  
 had sick headaches for years, and was  
 very sick to my stomach, and had a  
 terrible pain in my head. Since tak-  
 ing Dr. Kay's Renovator I have not  
 had an attack." Sold by druggists  
 at 25 cents and \$1. See advt. The  
 Harley Pharmacy, Lima, Ohio.

## NINGER'S NIMBLE PEN

HOW THE REMARKABLE COUNTER-  
 FEITER DID HIS WORK.

First Traced With a Pencil, Then Inked  
 Over With Pen and Brush—Six Twen-  
 ties and a Fifty Passed by Him on the  
 Day of His Arrest.

There is a learned about Emanuel  
 Ninger, the New Jersey pen and ink  
 counterfeiter, the less wonderful seems  
 his work and the more remarkable seems  
 the man. While Secret Service Agent  
 Bagg declines to make any statement re-  
 garding the processes of the counterfeiter  
 or any statement whatever regarding  
 the man, except that he has incontrovert-  
 ible proof that Ninger is the maker of  
 the counterfeit notes, and that they  
 were made with pen, ink and brush,  
 without the aid of plates or camera, this  
 description of how they are made may  
 be trusted absolutely, as can also the  
 statements concerning the counterfeiter.  
 The information comes from the highest  
 source.

When Ninger started out from Flaga-  
 town, N. J., the other day, he had in  
 his possession six \$20 notes and one \$50  
 note, which, together, were the product  
 of about 15 weeks' work. He passed five  
 of the twenties without any difficulty.  
 One of them was so good that it was ac-  
 cepted by a bank when offered for de-  
 posit by the man who had taken it from  
 Ninger. It was the sixth \$20 note that  
 got him into difficulty quite accidentally.  
 He offered this note at a Third avenue  
 grocery. The clerk accepted it with-  
 out question. He gave it to the cashier,  
 a young woman. Her hand was damp,  
 and in handling the note she touched  
 the series number with a damp finger.  
 She noticed a blur and immediately wet  
 her finger on a sponge and rubbed it  
 across the number. The blur was dis-  
 tinct. Ninger was going out of the store  
 with his change at the time, and the  
 cashier, who was quick witted, sent a  
 clerk to watch him. The clerk followed  
 him down town and into a saloon at 87  
 Cortlandt street. Ninger purchased a  
 drink and tendered a \$50 note in pay-  
 ment. The bartender whistled at the  
 size of it, but never suspected its genu-  
 ineness, and he got the change and hand-  
 ed it over. Ninger had succeeded, it is  
 alleged, in getting rid of all his notes,  
 and he started for the ferry. It was then  
 that the clerk caught his arrest. He was  
 seen in the hands of the United States  
 officers.

No United States officials have ad-  
 mitted or asserted that Ninger has con-  
 fessed, but every one of them seems to  
 possess information which he hardly  
 could possess unless it came from the  
 prisoner. It is known that the man's  
 wife and children were ignorant of the  
 matter. It was this secretiveness that  
 enabled him so long to evade capture.

Ninger is modest and unassuming in  
 appearance. He has a florid complexion,  
 a closely cropped sandy beard, and a  
 mild blue eye that seems the mirror of  
 innocence. He dressed as a farmer  
 dresses, and he looked the farmer from  
 head to foot. He would be more likely  
 to be picked up by a bunko stealer as a  
 "come on" than by the secret service offi-  
 cers or the police as an expert penman  
 counterfeiter. The informant gives this  
 description of Ninger's method of work:  
 "The operator first procured bond pa-  
 per, which is of about the same thick-  
 ness and toughness as the genuine 'dis-  
 trictive' paper prescribed by the secre-  
 tary of the treasury under the act of  
 congress. Of course the bond paper has  
 no silk fibers—but of this hereafter. The  
 operator cut the bond paper the exact  
 size of the genuine note, and it was  
 then immersed in a weak solution of  
 coffee. This baptism imparted to it the  
 appearance of age—but not excessive  
 age—as if the note had passed through  
 several hands. It seemed soft and well-  
 worn, but not worn or ragged.

"While the bond paper was still wet  
 it was placed over the face of the genu-  
 ine note, the edges being exactly to-  
 gether. The two were then placed flat  
 upon a pane of glass and every figure  
 and letter, portrait and vignette, with  
 the signatures of the register of the  
 treasury and of the treasurer of the  
 United States, were brought out in bold  
 relief, and could be plainly seen through  
 the transparent bond paper. While this  
 was still damp the operator approached  
 a window and there placed his pane of  
 glass at an angle of about 45 degrees  
 against the window frame. The light of  
 course shone through, rendering the tra-  
 cery of the genuine engraving distinct.  
 In this position the operator com-  
 menced work, first with an extremely  
 hard and sharp pointed lead pencil.  
 With it he carefully traced and repro-  
 duced upon the bond paper all parts,  
 even the most minute, of the genuine  
 note.

"The tracing with the pencil was suc-  
 ceeded by use of pen and ink, and the  
 same ground was gone over, but mean-  
 time, of course, the bond paper had be-  
 come thoroughly dry. It was here that  
 the marvelous touch and skill of the  
 penman were displayed, and the accu-  
 racy of his nerves, the accuracy of his  
 eye and his patience are not the least  
 of the marvels of his work. The shadows  
 and traceries were nearly perfect. The  
 reproduction of the portrait of Alexan-  
 der Hamilton upon the \$20 note is cal-  
 culated to deceive almost any expert.

"The operator used a camel's hair  
 brush to put the colors upon the note,  
 and these colors were imitated so per-  
 fectly that it could not be suspected that  
 they were not genuine. The silk threads,  
 which in the genuine note are worked  
 into the pulp of the paper, were imitated  
 with the pen with red and blue ink.  
 The fragmentary marks were placed  
 upon the back of the counterfeit, so that  
 if the false money should be held up to  
 the light it would appear to be the genu-  
 ine filter paper.

"Every obligation of the government,  
 issued as money, bears upon its face the  
 imprint of the seal of the treasury of the  
 United States. Perhaps the skill of Nin-  
 ger was displayed in the execution of the  
 imitation of the treasury seal in a

more marked degree than in any other  
 part of his work. The colors were care-  
 fully like those of a state stamp, but  
 the tracings were intricate and difficult.  
 Yet the artist, if such he may be called,  
 reproduced it all with wonderful skill  
 and dexterity, so that the appearance of  
 the seal would add very much to the  
 deception.

"That is how the front of the note  
 was made. The work on the back was  
 less difficult, because there was not so  
 much of it, and because, too, it was  
 done almost entirely with a brush. The  
 hammering of the counterfeits in a solution  
 of weak coffee is an old trick of counter-  
 feiter, but it is probably well admitted  
 by everybody that this is the only old  
 thing about the passing of these pen,  
 ink and brush notes. The rest is start-  
 lingly new."—New York Sun.

## SHOULD REED RETIRE.

Will His Old Friends Again Address Him  
 as "Tom?"

If Mr. Reed retires from the speaker-  
 ship, Mr. Hopkins of Illinois will be  
 one of the strongest candidates for that  
 position. No man in the house has the  
 confidence of his associates to a greater  
 degree, and there is none who has made  
 a better record during his short term of  
 service.

"If he is defeated for the presidential  
 nomination, will we call him Tom  
 again?" is the interesting question that  
 the older members of the house of rep-  
 resentatives are asking each other. The  
 most of the veterans called him Tom  
 until he was elected speaker of the pres-  
 ent house, and it is said that down in  
 Portland, where he was born and raised,  
 people scarcely know him by any other  
 name.

A western senator tells of his experi-  
 ence when he happened to be passing  
 through that city four or five years ago  
 and stopped off for a few hours' visit  
 with the clan. As he was having his  
 boots blacked by a hotel porter he asked,  
 "Can you tell me where I can find  
 Speaker Reed?"

"I don't know any such person," was  
 the reply. "What is his business?"

"You don't know Speaker Reed? I  
 thought he was the best known man in  
 Portland."

A gleam of intelligence lighted up the  
 bootblack's face at this remark, and he  
 said apologetically: "I guess you mean  
 Tom Reed, don't you? He is the biggest  
 man in this town, and they say he is  
 one of the biggest men in the state,"  
 and he then proceeded to give the stran-  
 ger minute information as to Tom's regu-  
 lar habits, his comings and goings and  
 where he would most likely be found  
 at that time of day.—Chicago Record.

## ASTOR'S LONDON OFFICE.

Harder to Interview Him Than the Prime  
 Minister of Great Britain.

Probably the handsomest office build-  
 ing in London is that occupied by Wil-  
 liam Waldorf Astor. It is on the Thames  
 embankment, between the Temple and  
 the huge building of the London school  
 boards.

It is a two story structure of gray-  
 stone, Elizabethan in style and sur-  
 mounted by a weather vane in the shape  
 of a gilded ship. The ornamentation is  
 severely plain, save for its gargoyles,  
 which take the form of hideous griffins.  
 It is separated from the street by hand-  
 some iron gates, upon one of which is a  
 letter box bearing the announcement that  
 it is the office of the John Jacob  
 Astor estate.

The first floor of the building is guard-  
 ed by a gigantic gold laced porter and  
 is occupied by an army of clerks. Mr.  
 Astor's private office is on the second  
 floor and consists of a suit of three  
 rooms, occupied by the proprietor and  
 his secretaries. It is said that Mr. Astor  
 writes many of his stories in this room.  
 Any one seeking an interview with  
 him is invariably met with the reply  
 that he is so busily engaged an audi-  
 ence is impossible. It is more difficult to  
 see and obtain an audience with Mr.  
 Astor than with the prime minister of  
 Great Britain.—New York World.

## POSED FOR A GODDESS.

The Woman Whose Face Represents the  
 Silver Dollar of 1876.

Produce from your pocket a silver  
 dollar of later date than 1876, gaze long  
 and earnestly upon the classic profile of  
 the Goddess of Liberty thereon and  
 then wish a long and happy married life  
 for Miss Anna Wilcox Williams, a  
 Philadelphia schoolteacher, for that is  
 the name of the fair original of the head  
 on the dollar.

The goddess has just surrendered her  
 liberty, or at any rate married during  
 Easter week the man of her choice, but  
 where he lives and what is his name she  
 doesn't choose to tell.

Miss Williams was introduced to  
 George Morgan of the treasury depart-  
 ment by Thomas Eakins, the artist. Mr.  
 Morgan had been assigned the task  
 of designing a new silver dollar in 1876.  
 He had completed the reverse side of  
 the coin and for months had sought the  
 ideal face for the Goddess of Liberty  
 upon which he had determined, when  
 he met Miss Williams and after much  
 persuasion induced her to pose. Her pro-  
 file portrait has enjoyed the largest cir-  
 culation of any picture ever published.

## She'll Fight For It.

Mrs. Anna Burton Jeffers, the first  
 woman to be appointed to a state office  
 in Maryland, has engaged counsel pre-  
 paratory to making a fight for her ap-  
 pointment as state librarian, should the  
 legality of her right to hold the office be  
 questioned. The salary is \$1,500 and  
 the duties very light.

Cabaret Lather H. Gadd, the Demo-  
 cratic incumbent, says that he will make  
 a contest if he is advised that a woman  
 is constitutionally ineligible for the of-  
 fice.

## Quaker Ignorance.

The latest candidate for the vice pre-  
 sidency is Adjutant General McAlpin,  
 but please don't ask us who Adjutant  
 General McAlpin is.—Philadelphia  
 Ledger.

## A TIP FOR TOURISTS.

MAKING TENANTS PAY FOR BREAK-  
 AGE THEY DID NOT CAUSE.

How Thrifty Paris Makes It Cheaper For  
 the Stranger to Stay Than to Go—An  
 American Who Beat the Game—The  
 Way It Is Done in England.

Before going abroad it is most that  
 the untraveling native should under-  
 stand one of the ways he is expected to  
 add to the income of thrifty France if  
 he means to stay in that country. This  
 is best illustrated by a veritable experi-  
 ence. A New Yorker engaged an apart-  
 ment that had been previously occupied  
 by a member of his own family. When  
 the time came for giving it up, the china  
 was all spread out on the table, and  
 monsieur, madame and the concierge  
 and caudles went through the rooms  
 looking for the damages that would have  
 to be settled for before the stranger left.  
 They found the chairs were so injured  
 they would have to be rescaled—so  
 much. There was a crack in the mirror  
 over the mantel. A new glass would be  
 necessary—so much. Passing their  
 hands under each of the pieces of china  
 they discovered so many nicks and dis-  
 figurements that a new set of china  
 must be bought—so much. "Very  
 well," said the American, settling the  
 bill at once.

"Now I have paid for the chairs, for  
 the new glass and the china, haven't I?"

"Yes. Monsieur was very amiable."  
 "Then they're mine. I always did  
 want to smash china. Beegones." Rais-  
 ing his cane he brought it down on the  
 table, and the china flew into fragments.

"This is my mirror. I'll break that  
 too." Whack went the mirror. The  
 group was speechless, but they were not  
 through with this madman plying his  
 cane. One by one he struck it through  
 the seats of the chairs, wrecking them  
 utterly.

"They are all paid for, you know,"  
 he said, with a gratified smile. For,  
 you see, his relatives had told him that  
 when they gave up the apartment they,  
 too, had paid for rescaling the chairs,  
 replacing the glass and for the damaged  
 china.

Doubtless the articles had been paid  
 for many times. Many of the owners of  
 these lodgings have secondhand stores,  
 and from these the rooms are furnished.  
 One set of broken down chairs give place  
 to another, decrepit sofa succeeds de-  
 crepit sofa, and each is a constant source  
 of income.

After a time the wary stranger learns  
 to protect himself. The number is tedi-  
 ous, but measurably effective. One fam-  
 ily, after a residence of nine years, has  
 reduced it to a sentence. When engaging  
 an apartment one day is devoted to lo-  
 cating through it with the owner and  
 gleaning and registering all the blemishes.

Even the stains on the walls are num-  
 bered, with descriptive attachments.  
 The proprietors invariably protest  
 against such minuteness. "Ah, madame,  
 between ladies, between persons of char-  
 acter!" But the mistress unrelentingly  
 pursues her way. When she gives up  
 the apartment and the pursuit for dam-  
 ages begins, she has with her her regis-  
 ter, and drawn horses could not make  
 her pay for a stain if it is recorded in  
 her book.

In England the matter is not such a  
 personal one. When a house, lodging or  
 an apartment is given up, each party is  
 represented by an agent, paid at the rate  
 of a guinea a day and expenses. These  
 agents are left to themselves. One of  
 the requirements is that everything  
 must be touched, to assure by personal  
 contact its state. A wall cabinet filled  
 with carols must be opened and a finger  
 laid on each piece in order to keep with-  
 in the law. These agents, who are usu-  
 ally fat and easy going, have an amiable,  
 sociable time. They are full of apolo-  
 gies, each to the other.

"Now, dear sir, we are not going to  
 draw the lines too tight!"

"We, on our part, are quite sure that  
 you are disposed to be quite fair."

Thus they glide swiftly through the  
 piles of bed linen, over the stacks of  
 china and make haste to go out and  
 have a two hours' lunch together.—New  
 York Advertiser.

## The Home of Delight.

The "Home of Delight," which has  
 just been opened in Philadelphia, is to  
 be for the enlightenment, uplifting and  
 betterment of the so called "slum"  
 dwellers of Philadelphia. It is a four  
 story brick structure, about 25 feet wide,  
 and the first floor contains the large lec-  
 ture hall and two game rooms, the latter  
 being equipped with table bagatelle,  
 checkers, lotto and other games. The  
 second story contains the library of  
 1,000 volumes, and a reading room ad-  
 joining. Back of these rooms is the  
 printing room, whence a weekly paper  
 called Our World and Work will be is-  
 sued in a short time. On the third floor  
 are a committee room and a game  
 room, while the remainder of the house  
 is occupied by the superintendent and  
 his wife.—New York Tribune.

## Her Only Friends.

"Mamma," asked the little 4-year-old,  
 "how do you spell 'ginger'?"

"Put away your book, dear. It is  
 time for you to go to bed."

"Papa, how do you?"

"Don't bother me, Katie."

"What does it mean when it says?"

"Didn't you hear your mother?"

Katie threw the book on the floor.

"I don't believe there's anybody that  
 loves me," she burst forth, "except  
 grandpa and God. (Grandpa, he's in  
 Michigan, an I don't know where God  
 is!)"—Exchange.

## The Fish She Wanted.

A lady entered a south end fish mar-  
 ket and asked for two pounds of head-  
 acks. She meant haddock, but she pro-  
 nounced the word wrong. While there  
 she said that the fish in this country  
 contained more bones than those in the  
 old country. This may be considered a  
 "fish" story, but it isn't.—New Bod-  
 ford Journal.

## ON THE WAR PATH.

Indians in Mexico Get Drunk and Kill  
 Everybody in Sight.

CITY OF MEXICO, April 14.—A tele-  
 gram from Oaxaca City states that the  
 rebel Indians at the town of Juquila  
 killed all the town councillors, school  
 teachers, local priest, chief of police  
 and the telegraph operator, in fact  
 everyone holding a government place.  
 The people are in terror and troops  
 have been sent for the relief of the  
 town.

The military movement made against  
 the rebel Indians has resulted in driv-  
 ing the Indians into the mountains.  
 They began their killing in Juquila  
 instigated by Indian lawyers who in-  
 formed them that the state taxes were  
 unconstitutional, but the authorities paid  
 no attention to the excitement among  
 them, considering they were engaged  
 in their usual drunken celebration of  
 the occasion.

Procuring arms and machetes they  
 made a rush for the town hall and the  
 prefect hastily closed the doors, which  
 they soaked with petroleum and burned,  
 thus effecting an entrance, sacking the  
 place and penetrating the private apart-  
 ments of the prefect, grossly maltreated  
 the women of his family, and then,  
 turning attention to the officials  
 and armed servants, killed and wounded  
 several.

The scene was a horrible one, as the  
 assault took place in the early evening  
 and the excitement of the mob was in-  
 describable. The Indians were pos-  
 sessed with fury and it was absolutely  
 impossible for respectable inhabitants to  
 control them, as all were drunk and  
 maddened. The mob after sacking the  
 town hall went to the federal stamp  
 office and assaulted it, burning down  
 the outside with petroleum, which also  
 communicated fire to the entire house,  
 placing Collector Graciata, who was on  
 the roof with his clerks, in a condition  
 of the utmost peril, but they managed  
 to escape by the rear, jumping for their  
 lives.

Many shops were burned after being  
 sacked and the Indians decorated them-  
 selves with stolen finery. They all fled  
 on the approach of the soldiers and are  
 now in the hills. The revolt is local  
 and will be suppressed, and the insti-  
 gators of the Indians will be severely  
 punished, as they took advantage of  
 their gross ignorance.

## MINING TROUBLE SETTLED.

Four Hundred Carrolton Miners Return  
 to Work.

CARROLTON, O., April 14.—After  
 much arbitration the trouble with the  
 400 miners employed in No. 5, south of  
 this city, owned and operated by the  
 J. H. Somers company of Cleveland, was  
 settled. The men had demanded an in-  
 crease, while the company proposed a  
 reduction. The men will return at the  
 former rate of 16 cents per ton for room  
 work and 20 cents for entry work,  
 which is 8½ cents per ton in excess of  
 the district price for mining with the  
 Jeffrey machine. The company has  
 agreed to pay the excessive rate as long  
 as the 61-cent rate remains in effect in  
 Ohio.

## New Use For Glass.

KOKOMO, Ind., April 14.—A couple of  
 gentlemen have invented a glass coffin  
 for use in the interment of the dead,  
 and were here a few days ago trying to  
 arrange with the Diamond Plate Glass  
 company of this city for the manufac-  
 ture of the glass for the caskets. The  
 coffins are to be entirely of glass, un-  
 ground and unpolished plates for the  
 sides and bottom, and the finest polished  
 plates for the top.

## Will Not Go to Washington.

WASHINGTON, April 14.—Minister  
 Kurino of Japan and members of his  
 suite have left here for New York,  
 where they will meet Count Yamagata,  
 the field marshal of Japan, who won  
 the great battles of the recent Japanese-  
 Chinese war. The distinguished general  
 will not come to Washington.

## A Complete Rout.

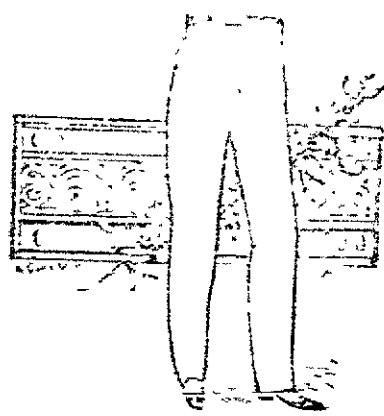
MASSOWAH, April 14.—Further ad-  
 vices from the front show that the der-  
 vish retreat after the recent fighting  
 was in the nature of a complete rout.  
 Colonel Stevani burned the entrenched  
 works of Ikeruf and Gulsit. The  
 retreating dervishes inflicted consid-  
 erable loss on the Shoans.

## Plastered With Mud.

LANDER, WY., April 14.—A singular  
 phenomenon was a shower in this city.  
 First red, and then yellow clay fell,  
 followed a little later by almost black  
 mud. People who were out in the storm  
 looked as though they had been churned  
 in a tubful of mud.

## Will Sue For Damages.

KENT, O., April 14.—Anson B. Strong  
 and Attorney M. G. McCaslin have  
 gone to Akron, where it is said Strong  
 will begin suit against Summit county  
 for damages for false imprisonment for  
 his arrest on the charge of murdering  
 the Stone family.



## A CUT TO FIT THE PURSE and THE PERSON,

Such you will find in our stock of TROUSERS. The values we offer now at

\$1.50,  
\$1.70,  
\$1.75,  
\$1.95,  
\$2.45,  
\$2.95,  
\$3.45  
and  
\$3.95

Are much better than we ever were prepared to offer and will not be duplicated anywhere else in town.

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ONE DOLLAR PER YEAR IN ADVANCE.  
Subscriptions not paid in advance will be charged for at the rate of \$1.50 per year. Address all communications to THE TIMES-DEMOCRAT PUBLISHING CO., LIMA, OHIO.

The ground hog seems to have done his work and quits, and shadows are now blooming.

Already the McKinley boom begins to show the need of a good fertilizer. The load of enriches that Chandler and Culm stopped on its road from the manufacturers to Hanna is badly missed.

The balance is in favor of Lamont as private secretary to the president. During his service he was so alert that not even the measles got next to the president or his family. Thurbar cannot say as much.

The Republican press need not worry because there are not many candidates for the Democratic presidential nomination. That part of the campaign will take care of itself properly, and so will the platform to be adopted at the Chicago convention. Meanwhile the fight grows bitter over the Republican nomination.

tion, and judging from the widely different platforms adopted by Republican state conventions, it will be about as difficult for the St. Louis body to get together on that, as on a nominee.

A reading of the address Robert G. Ingersoll delivered to a religious organization in Chicago, Sunday, causes the belief that as age grows space with this learned agnostic, he is beginning to see the error of his ways. Should his life be given him for a few years more, the proposition that he will be "on the Lord's side," will do to bet on.

The topics to be considered at the coming meeting of the Tariff Commission League include some very important measures, chief of which will be a discussion of the ways and means of taking the tariff question out of partisan politics, and making it a business question instead of a political foot ball. A solution to this problem will meet the hearty approbation of the American policies.

The Pennsylvania Railroad company celebrated its fiftieth anniversary yesterday in Philadelphia. Many of the leading railroad men of the country were present, and the president of the company, with his board of directors, held a reception for them and the operating officers of the road. While simply called an anniversary event, reference to the company's annual statement would rather mark it a golden wedding.

### DID NOT PUBLISH IT.

Holmes, the murderer, ceased to be either interesting or important after the jury brought in its verdict of guilty. But the notorious wretch succeeded in editing quite a number of the Sunday newspapers yesterday. He had stuff for sale, and he found buyers who were ready to buy his stuff and sell it again, for purposes of speculation. It was a fine, morbid, murderous mess to introduce at the Sunday breakfast table, with careful illustrations to show new devices for taking life without getting found out.—[Philadelphia Record.]

### NOT SO.

The Chicago Herald of the 10th inst. has on its opening page a statement that President Cleveland's name will, with his assent, be presented to the Democratic National Convention for renomination as president of the United States. The Herald is a Republican paper, and believing that the renomination of President Cleveland would make a division among Democrats, states his probable candidacy without authority and contrary to fact, for supposed Republican party advantage. Mr. Cleveland has been already thrice nominated for president of these United States and on the second nomination he was defeated by Harrison. On the third he succeeded, and will next February have completed the two terms of service that usage has made the limit for holding the office of president. We fully appreciate the able and very valuable services to his country of Mr. Cleveland in his high office of president, but a third term was not accorded to Jefferson, the father of Democracy, and will not be urged for any Democratic president, however eminent or worthy. Nor will it be asked. The president's name has not been proposed for re-election in any Democratic press we know of, and we do not propose to go to Republican presses to suggest candidates for the highest office in the Republic for us, especially as they would not select a candidate with a desire for our success. In the ranks of the Democratic party are an abundance of wise statesmen, ably fitted to fill the highest office in the Republic, and the National Convention to be held at Chicago will present a noble nominee for Democrats to support and elect.

### COURT HOUSE NEWS.

#### NEW CASES.

Sylvester F. Shenk vs. Emma Shester Marsh; transcript.  
J. R. Ashton Machinery company vs. E. W. Berney and A. W. Scott; transcript.

John K. Marshall, as administrator of James Kerlin, deceased, vs. Harrison Hay. Appeal.

#### MARRIAGE LICENSE.

Franklin Stepleton and Rose B. Brown.  
William Meyers and Etta Hummick.  
J. W. Bowersock and Emma Alexandra.

There are Moments when one wants to be alone. One of them is when you have bought a new spring bed without visiting the millinery department of the Metellus Thomson Dry Goods Co.

### Sherman on National Revenues.

Senator John Sherman says in The Forum that it is necessary to have a steady income of \$10,000,000 to \$15,000,000 to meet the current expenditures of the United States government. A much larger sum is necessary at certain intervals to meet the outlay of the public debt, army and navy appropriations and other necessary occasional disbursements. All revenues over this "should be at once applied to the reduction of the principal of the public debt."

From January, 1879, till March 1, 1896, the United States treasury has paid out. That there is a surplus no longer is in the opinion of Sherman, owing to deficiency of public revenues. This he considers a disgrace in a rich and powerful nation like the United States. The first duty of congress is, therefore, to increase the revenues. He would have this done, first, by passing a law supplying additional revenue or taxation in some form; next, until the fund from the tax should be available the government should be authorized "to borrow from the people of the United States enough money to cover past and future deficiencies."

To prevent the government gold from being drained out by legal tender notes he would provide by law that notes redeemed in coin should not be reissued except for coin. Finally he would have a law that banks should hold their reserves of lawful money in United States notes or treasury notes only. This would prevent banks from hoarding gold and thus depleting the national treasury of that metal.

"National banks are the creation and instruments of the government," continues the senator, "and ought not to be allowed to discredit the money with which they can redeem their own notes, nor should the government itself be permitted in any way to weaken the credit and confidence of the people in their paper money by using it for current expenses in excess of current revenues."

### Strange Scene.

At the famous Tivoli music hall in London an experiment has been made. It is nothing less than the interpolation of a hymn in the midst of the frivolous and frequently risky songs that are popular in concert saloons. The hymn in this instance was "Jerusalem," which the "golden" chorus. It must have given the toughened sinners who are the habitués of such places a strange sensation. Yet why not? In the midst of the foolish, the wanton and the wicked thoughts that float in the atmosphere of such a place, what could have a more wonderful effect than for a sweet, clear voice to call the grand old hymn, while orchestra and great chorus took up the thrilling refrain, "Jerusalem, the Golden?" Like a sweep of pure water through a befouled stream it passed, purifying at least for the moment souls that seldom experienced such a sensation, bringing tears to eyes that do not weep, bringing thoughts of an innocent childhood, before the feet had wandered astray or the heart had craved knowledge of evil. Why not religious songs in concert saloons? The only objection is that it would break up the business.

The situation in east Africa is the most picturesque of any now occupying public attention. The two native armies there represent the latest, strongest and most intellectual people of the dark continent. The dervishes of the sudan, with the Mahdi or prophet Osman Digna at their head, are the most ferocious and fanatical of all the Mohammedan sects. It is both their duty and their pleasure to kill Christians. Menckel and his Abyssinians, on the other hand, represent the oldest Christian sect on the globe, older than the Roman or Greek church. At least they claim to be Christians, and their claim is well proved by their actions as that of many persons in the United States of America. The Abyssinian Christians have the Italian Christians, and are trying to drive them out of Africa. The dervishes and the Abyssinians, although enemies by their religion, have therefore a common aim, the expulsion of Europeans from Africa. It is a question, however, whether they have the sense to take advantage of the situation. The dervishes have 300,000 soldiers; the Abyssinians 100,000.

It is not likely that the law removing the last remaining disabilities of Confederate soldiers and allowing them to hold commissions in the United States army and navy will be taken advantage of by many of them. Still, the law will give them a satisfaction.

There is not the shadow of a doubt that the Spaniards in Cuba are guilty of horrible atrocities. There is no need to send a commission there to ascertain that fact. It has been confirmed over and over again by the mouth of credible American witnesses.

A curious feature is presented by the college and university magazines of the time. About two-thirds of their space is devoted to athletics. Perhaps that is better than drumming the eyesight with Tighth Pilexer and Chaldean antiquities.

Pope Leo, Bismarck, Gladstone and Queen Victoria have been able to live and thrive even through the grip and terrible weather of March, 1896. This shows there is life and plenty of it in all these esteemed old people yet.

### A Good Beginning.

It is known that from the first Queen Victoria desired peace between England and the United States in reference to the Venezuela matter. It seems also probable that most of the British cabinet desired the question should be peacefully arbitrated. In consenting to this settle it, therefore, Salisbury is to be congratulated on the good sense and the courage he has shown in being able to change his mind. It is proof of great strength of mind to be able to change one's opinion when in the wrong than to obstinately hold to that opinion merely for the sake of a supposed consistency. Undoubtedly now the whole Venezuelan boundary question will be arbitrated in a manner satisfactory to all concerned. Certainly the United States has no wish to see England deprived of any territory rightfully hers.

It is likely, too, that this Venezuelan matter will be the beginning of a permanent treaty of arbitration between England and the United States. It is supposed by some buncombe politicians that Irish voters in the United States would be opposed to such a treaty, but this idea is, like the politicians themselves, buncombe. The Irish voters of the United States and all the other voters are in favor, first, last and all the time, of a policy which will help their pockets.

Such a policy will be an arbitration of all disputes between England and America. The pocket logic will shortly accomplish what sentimental logic has been in vain endeavoring to do for a generation. In the British house of commons Mr. Robert A. Vербург threw a great light on the whole subject when he asked whether, "in view of the increasing dependence of the United Kingdom upon foreign wheat," the British government would accept a certain interpretation of international law originally put forward by the United States in reference to provisions in transport in time of a war. The plain fact is that England must have our wheat and meat, we must have the money England pays for our meat and wheat, and neither can afford to quarrel with the other.

Senor Morel, that great Spanish authority on international law, whom certainly nobody in America ever heard of before, affirms in a lecture that Cuba is the Gibraltar of the western hemisphere, and for that reason Europe would never consent to have it annexed to the United States. Aside from the fact that outside of Spain it is none of Europe's business what becomes of Cuba, the very fact that she is the Gibraltar of the western hemisphere would constitute a sufficient reason why she should not be permitted to belong to any European nation. If there is any Gibraltar in this hemisphere, Europe is informed that the United States proposes to do it herself. If Cuba can get free and wishes to join the Union, she will certainly be received and warmly welcomed. That, too, though all the kingdoms and empires of Europe should try to hinder.

The Illinois law directed against sweatshops has failed of its object. There are now 300 more sweatshops than there were when the law was passed. Its advocates met the bitter disappointment which all reforming enthusiasts encounter when they undertake to law righteousness into people before the people are ready for it. The clause prohibiting the employment of women and children more than a certain number of hours was pronounced unconstitutional, which was right so far as women are concerned certainly. A law interfering with the liberty of a full grown individual to work when and how he likes is tyranny. Strangely enough the reforming enthusiasts claim as a remedy for the failure of their law more law. They want congress to take the matter up forgetting that if a moderate law cannot be enforced a stiff law certainly would not be. The reformers must go to work another way to abate the frightful evils of sweatshops. If they could find some sort of employment for the victims, for instance, they could clear out the sweatshops in 24 hours.

In city after city the world's experience is the same. If you want to drive the tramp away, give him a night's lodging at public expense, but make it a cash on rule that he shall first take a bath. Weary Waggles would rather face death than soap and water and the use of a good scrubbing brush. "Wash myself!" says he. "It would kill me!"

And breathing a vast sigh Weary Waggles moves on. The sure way to tell the decent workman out of employment from the tramp is that the decent workman is always not only willing but glad to have a bath.

### Death from Lung Fever.

Mrs. Eliza Gano, aged 32 years, died at her home on west McKibben street, at 7 o'clock this morning, from lung fever. Deceased was born in Hancock county, Ohio, and had been a resident of this city for three years.

The funeral will leave the residence at 7 o'clock to-morrow, and the remains will be taken to Forest, O., for interment.

### The Prettiest Young Lady

In Lima always serves Crawford-Taylor 4 X Fancy Butter Crackers at her afternoon teas.

### AMONG THE RAILROADS.

#### BRICE ROADS' LAKE OUTLET.

A dispatch from Warren, O., to the Toledo Blade, says:

The Brice syndicate has secured an outlet to the lake for its railroads. This is the belief of railroad men from the report that representatives of the syndicate have been quietly at work along the line surveyed a few years ago by other parties for a track from Palmyra, west of Leavittsburg, to Fairport. With a line built along this route to connect with Brice's proposed road from Akron to New Castle and Pittsburg, the system would have a lake trade feeder of great value, and the report is believed to have good foundation.

#### NOTES.

Supt. Cory and Supt. S. B. Floeter went to Toledo this morning.

Passenger conductor C. J. Connell, of the C., H. & D., is attending court in Sidney.

Engine No. 306, which has been receiving repairs in the C., H. & D. shops, will be run out for a trial trip within a few days.

It is rumored that H. A. Boomer will be appointed assistant general superintendent of the L. E. & W. vice Geo. T. Jarvis, who was recently appointed receiver of a western railroad.

Louis Donough, joint traveling passenger agent of the C., H. & D. and the Monon lines, will retire on May 1st and take service as fireman on the C., H. & D., preparatory to running an engine.—Toledo Blade.

In the interest of economy the Pennsylvania company has dismissed three train dispatchers and one day operator at this place, and closed seven night telegraph offices on the road.—Supt. C. D. Law and Supt. G. L. Foster, of the Pittsburg, are to-day attending the semi-centennial celebration of the founding of the Pennsylvania railroad.—Pittsburgh Sentinel.

### OIL AND GAS.

#### SPENCERVILLE FIELD.

The last well drilled by the Elda Oil Co., near Elda, is good for 25 barrels.

E. E. Wolf is drilling a well on the O'Neill farm, south of Willshire. Kirkbride & Smalley's No. 1 on the R. F. Thomas farm, York township, Van Wert county, was shot with 100 quarts. It is good for 100 barrels.

The Wilson Oil and Gas Co.'s No. 3 on the Tobe Miller farm, Jennings township, Van Wert county, is making 125 barrels.

Spencerville parties are at the head of a company recently organized, with a capital stock of \$50,000, that has some valuable territory in the Montpelier (Ind.) field. Following are the members of the company: Mr. Cook, of the Hartford City (Ind.) Glass Co., and J. W. Stewart and W. F. Crist, of Hartford City; Samuel Croft and C. C. Shepp, of Spencerville. Mr. Shepp is general superintendent and manager; J. W. Stewart, treasurer; W. F. Crist, secretary. Most of the territory owned by the company was presented to C. C. Shepp by Bettman, Watson & Bernheimer, whose business here has been managed by the former, and the gift was intended as an evidence of their appreciation of his services.

The Shaffer Drilling Co. have commenced No. 3 on the Bour farm. Aiken, McCormick & Redway shot their No. 3 on the John Goodwin farm, York township, Van Wert county, and it made 240 barrels the first eighteen hours.

Bord, Hamilton & Co.'s No. 10 on the Wm. Goodwin farm, Jennings township, is good for 100 barrels. Bettman, Watson & Bernheimer's No. 2 on the F. Claus farm, Salem township, Auglaize county, is very light.

A well is being drilled on the W. H. Snyder farm, near Coryette, Van Wert county. Boyd, Hamilton & Co.'s No. 4 on the Green farm, across the road from the Wm. Goodwin lease, is good for 100 barrels.

The well on attorney J. N. Bailey's farm, in the north part of Spencer township, was completed this week, but is a failure. The casing was pulled.

T. J. Black has abandoned No. 2 on the Van Emou Bros lease.

A well is being drilled on the McMillan farm, Jennings township.

Boyd, Hamilton & Co have moved part of the machinery from their machine works here to the West Virginia field, where they have large interests.—Toledo Blade.

### Lawyers, Doctors,

Ministers and Business Men all find them a great help—Crawford-Taylor's 4 X Fancy Butter Crackers.

Poley's Sarsaparilla combines the most searching remedies scientifically prepared to extract their utmost value. If you need a spring blood purifier, be sure and take Poley's Sarsaparilla; trial size, 50c. H. F. Vorkamp, v. e. cor. Main and North sts.

### You Pay Others

A dollar. Buy Townsend's Sarsaparilla and you only pay 75c. A blood purifier should be taken in the spring. Townsend's remedies have been used twenty years.

### Do Not Allow

Them to send you anything but Crawford-Taylor 4x Fancy Butter Crackers.

## MAYER'S Grand Gift —to— "LIMA."

His Free Treatment for Catarrh Free at Vorkamp's Pharmacy.

MAYER'S HONEST EFFORTS TO PROVE THE EFFICACY OF HIS WONDERFUL REMEDY.

Commencing Tuesday, we have an instructor from the Mayer's Laboratory at our store, who will give to 5,000 sufferers from Catarrh, Cold in the head, Asthma, Sore Throat and Catarrh Deafness a free treatment.

30,000 people, men, women and children, have received a free treatment of this remedy since the first of January.

### The Greatest Discovery of the 19th Century...

Mayers does not expect you to put any faith in his medicine until you have tested it like thousands of others. Mayers does not bring you testimonials from places a thousand miles away, but right from your own home, where everybody can testify for themselves. If you are afflicted with the terrible diseases, give us a call and let demonstrate to you what we can do for you.

The Worst Case in the City of Lima is Invited to Call at Vorkamp's Pharmacy.

We exclude none, the chronic, the skint, all are invited. Mayer's Cure is used here from any other remedy. It is used by VAPOR inhalation. No medicine is poured into the stomach. One bottle will do the work—for one dollar.

### SPECIAL NOTICE:

The usual heavy demand for Mayer's treatment at night compels us to ask patients who have a daughter or son from 15 years up, suffering from this disease, to bring them to our store at 11th and 1st, at night. Remember, one week only, commencing Tuesday evening, at

## VORKAMP'S

Main and North Streets

### LETTER LIST

Letters remaining on file for in the Lima post office for week ending April 11, 1896:

|                    |                   |
|--------------------|-------------------|
| Bass, Volney       | McDonald, W. A.   |
| Bell, Luc          | McLaren, B.       |
| Bennett, E. E.     | Maithe, Harris P. |
| Bair, Brakeman     | Newcomer, Harry   |
| Boyer, S. L. Rev.  | Parson, Eldie     |
| Bresart, Katharine | Patterson, R. D.  |
| Burgess, Eliza     | Sanders, Meda     |
| Casper, Howard L.  | Schell, John H.   |
| Davis, Thom J.     | Scott, Mary       |
| Eisrood, Elizabeth | Shaninger, Frank  |
| Finley, Jefferson  | Shorr, D. H.      |
| Fisher, Geo. R.    | Smith, J. W.      |
| Gray, L. B.        | Sweeney, Marion   |
| Grubb, M. A.       | Summers, Alonzo   |
| Hlubbert, L.       | Talker, Anna      |
| Houston, John W.   | Tropel, James     |
| Keatts, Presly     | Wekley, C. C.     |
| Kerats, Charley    | Wilhelm, Chas.    |
| McCullough, Ella   | Wilson, Maud      |

Parties calling for any of the above will please say "advertised." Have your mail addressed to street and number to insure delivery.

W. R. MEHAFFEY, P. M.

Those who are troubled with rheumatism should try a few applications of Chamberlain's Pain Balm, rubbing the parts vigorously at each application. If that does not bring relief dampen a piece of flannel with Pain Balm and bind it on over the seat of pain and prompt relief will surely follow. For sale by Melville Bros., corner Main and High streets, and C. W. Holster, 5th Public Square.

### Everything Else is Good and Bad.

Why not crackers? All cheap crackers are tough, indigestible and injurious to the stomach. Crawford & Taylor's 4x Fancy Butter Cracker is light and crisp, and is especially recommended for children and invalids.

### The New Woman

is very often an old woman, but our ladies' shirt waists were all born in 1901. To see them is to buy them. The prices head down within easy reach of your pocket book.

METRELL'S THORN-ON DRY GOODS CO.

### Dr. Humston.

The Rupture Specialist from Kentucky, will be in his office, Tigner block, to-morrow (Wednesday), 15th. Consultation free.

### A Pride

And a satisfaction to his customers, Crawford-Taylor 4x Fancy Butter Crackers, because they are light, crisp and healthy.

### Beautiful

Spring Capes at Blum's, and cheap, too.

can now wear a collar that of the man in a dress ever dirty his work, the have a clean collar without cost—if he wears it.

**THE MANI JUMP**

**SAPOLIO**

It can be cleaned in 10 minutes. The wearer, with a wet cloth, combines satisfaction and comfort. No frayed neck. The "Cellophane" collar is the best goods with a "Cellophane" collar. All others are your farmer's dress. Send to us direct. C. Cuffs, too, put—postage. THE CELLULOSE NEW YORK. **SAPOLIO**

**LOCAL TIME**

Giving time of departure the various depots at March 1, 1896.

|                         |           |
|-------------------------|-----------|
| No. 1—Going East, Daily | 8:00 a.m. |
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| " 53—" " " " " "        | " " " "   |

latter road struck the dirt train and threw two cars from the track. There were no brakes on the box car and it could not be stopped. But little damage was done and no trains delayed.

Rev. Robert J. Thomson and about forty members of the Market Street Presbyterian church are attending the meeting of the Lima Presbytery at Ottawa this week. Ray Thomson addressed the assembly last evening.

Brief services were held over the remains of W. J. Cran at Grosjean's undertaking establishment yesterday afternoon, before the family of the deceased left for Ft. Wayne with the remains. Rev. Bethards, of Trinity church, conducted the service.

C. J. Brotherton has received a letter from the Grand Secretary of the Knights of the Essene Order, stating that Grand Senator Aaron McNeil, accompanied by other members of the Grand Lodge, have arranged to visit within the Mt. Lebanon Lodge, of this city.

The Circuit court met this morning with Judges J. L. Price, H. W. Seney and J. H. Day presiding. The cases of Mary E. Cook against Jemima Prosser, et al.; Pierson S. Hubbard against William Miller, and Philip Kell against Benjamin Thomas were heard and submitted.

Brief services will be held over the remains of Mrs. Margaret J. Curtis, at the residence, 554 south Main street, at 7 o'clock this evening, and the remains will be taken to Titusville, Pa., leaving here over the C. & E. at 9:15 o'clock. Interment will be made at Titusville, Thursday.

The funeral services of John F. Johnston, who died at his home on south Elizabeth street, yesterday morning, will be held from the residence at 10 o'clock to-morrow morning. The services will be conducted by Rev. Hagerman, of Elida, and the remains will be interred in Woodlawn cemetery.

A social event of rare interest occurred on the 12th inst. at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. John Brown in Shawnee township, when they gave their daughter, Miss Rosa, in marriage to Mr. Franklin A. Stepleton, Rev. D. B. Cook pronouncing the ceremony in the presence of a select circle of the nearest friends. The bill of fare did full credit to the occasion.

The wreck train from Ft. Wayne came over to Lima this morning to pick up the wreck at the Ohio Southern crossing which was caused yesterday by a loaded coal car on the Ohio Southern striking a dirt train that was standing on the P. Ft. W. & C. road. The dirt car that was struck was broken apart in the center and the two trucks thrown into the ditch.

#### A PLEASANT EVENT.

Mr. Otmar J. Feltz, of Lima, and Miss Mooney Married this Morning.

This morning at 10:30 o'clock, at Binghampton, N. Y., the marriage of Mr. Otmar J. Feltz, of this city, and Miss Susan Florence, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Matthew Mooney, of the above city, was solemnized at St. Patrick's church. The groom is an employee of the Lima postoffice and son of Mr. and Mrs. George Feltz, and is an exemplary young man. His bride is beautiful and accomplished, and possesses all the qualifications that go to make a charming wife.

After a brief wedding trip to Buffalo and Niagara Falls they will return to Lima and go to housekeeping in a home on west North street which the groom has in readiness.

#### MISSING GIRL

Belonging to St. Johns. Located by Chief Haller.

Last Thursday a Mrs. Jeffries, living at St. Johns, came to this city and solicited the assistance of Chief Haller to locate her daughter, who had left home last Tuesday to go to Spencerville, but up to the time of Mrs. Jeffries' arrival here the girl had not been seen at Spencerville. Chief Haller took the case and yesterday ascertained that the girl had stopped with friends here a few days, and had then gone to Spencerville, for which place the woman left yesterday.

#### Boy Tramps.

This morning two boys giving their names as L. A. Wilson and Arthur H. Wiggins, and stating that their homes were in Cedar Rapids, Iowa, and Chicago, respectively, were arrested by Detective Harley for stealing a ride on a P. Ft. W. & C. train. Harley turned the two prisoners over to Patrolman Furry, who locked them up at the police station.

Not even a grain of salt is wanting to emphasize and make perfect the flavor of **NONE SUCH** MINCE MEAT. Pure, wholesome, an economical luxury. Sold everywhere. Take no substitute. Read name and address for booklet. Mr. William Tammeling, MERRELL-SOULE CO., SYRACUSE, N. Y.

#### BONDS ACCEPTED.

The New City Officials Were Qualified Last Night.

Councilman Kemper Charges Election Judges With Fraud-Smiley's Appointment Laid Over.

The city council met in regular session last night with president Harley in the chair and the following members present: Kiplinger, Snyder, Standish, Matheany, Kemper, Foley, Brotherton, Van Kman, Chapin, McVey and Jackson. Minutes of last meeting were read and approved.

The light committee recommended that the Electric Light Co. be notified to remove wires from city poles. The report was received and the clerk notified to issue the notice.

The fire committee reported favorably upon all appointments made by J. V. Smiley a week ago, of members of the fire department, and recommended their confirmation.

Mr. Brotherton said he understood it was necessary to appoint an additional member to the department, and moved to lay the appointments over for another week.

Mr. Van Eman wanted the appointments confirmed immediately. Mr. Chapin said that he was a member of the fire committee, but that no one but Mr. Van Eman disapproved, and as a member of the committee he objected to Mr. Van Eman's intemperance report.

Mr. Van Eman said that mayor-elect Baxter wanted the appointments confirmed.

Mr. Brotherton said that the members of the fire department were all doing their duty, and he did not see why all should be reappointed but the one man (Wm. Maurer) whom the mayor had ignored in the appointments, and in his place appointing a new man, (Mr. Abbott).

Mr. Brotherton's motion to lay the matter over for another week was carried.

The annual report of the city solicitor was read, and upon motion was received and placed on the Bonds of S. A. Baxter, mayor; Chas. Adgate, city solicitor; L. E. Prevost, city engineer; J. S. Karas, water works trustee; assessors—Steven Kallher, first ward; Jerry Shioe, second ward; Frank C. Willour, third ward; I. N. Bedford, fourth ward; W. R. Jones, fifth ward; P. Davis, sixth ward, and Chas. Baum, seventh ward, were presented.

Upon motion all bonds were accepted.

Upon motion Chief Lewis, of the fire department, was authorized to employ a line man to change some fire alarm wires.

The plot of J. R. Ashton's addition to the city was upon motion accepted.

Mr. Brotherton moved to have chief of police notify a colored man

amed Ramsey to stop removing dirt from east Market street. The motion carried.

Mr. Kemper said the city had been swindled out of the election of the proposed market house bond issue by neglect on the part of persons in the various precincts, at the recent election. He moved to instruct the solicitor to confer with the prosecuting attorney to investigate the conduct of the judges in the precincts, especially in precinct B of the fourth ward.

Mr. Brotherton said if Mr. Kemper had knowledge of any of the judges not doing their duty, he should go before the grand jury.

Mr. Kemper's motion carried.

Mr. Brotherton said that west North street, where a sewer was recently constructed, was in a dangerous condition. He moved to instruct the street commissioner to repair the street. The motion carried.

Mr. Allen said a young lady was injured Sunday night by stepping into a bad place in the sidewalk on east Vine street. The street commissioner was instructed to repair the walk.

C. F. Keller was granted permission to lay sewer pipe in the alley at Musser's barn.

Mr. Standish moved to instruct the street commissioner to repair a sewer that is stopped up in front of J. C. Thompson's property on the public square.

Mr. Brotherton said it would necessitate tearing up a portion of the brick paving, and thought the matter should be thoroughly investigated. He thought it possible for the trouble to be inside Mr. Thompson's private sewer.

Mr. Standish withdrew his motion, and the matter was referred to the sewer committee and Mr. McVey.

Bond of T. J. Hitea, street commissioner, was accepted.

Adjourned.

#### LIMA NORTHERN

Extends Its Train Service—Pay Train Leaves To-morrow.

Work on the Lima Northern is progressing rapidly. In just twelve days the station at Napoleon has been completed. It is fifty by twenty feet and similar to the one at this place, and is now ready for service. The road has been ballasted as far north as Leipsic, and next Monday morning, April 15th, the train service will be extended to that point. All contracts are being let on close time, and contractors are being held strictly to the time specified for completing their work.

Paymaster E. B. Hathaway will go north to-morrow morning with the pay car.

Townsend's Sa aparilla 75c.

#### JOE COLEMAN BACK.

He Returned to Lima Saturday Night, after Satisfactorily Arranging his Affairs in Sandusky.

Joe Coleman, who was taken to Sandusky last Friday, on a charge preferred against him by a man named Kaley, returned home Saturday night. The peculiar condition in this case is that the arrest was made by the person who was plaintiff in the case against Joe, and who was deputized as an officer to make the arrest. The trouble for which Coleman was arrested occurred in 1885, about eleven years ago. The following letter from Mrs. Coleman will more fully explain the situation:

EDITOR TIMES-DEMOCRAT:—Please state through your paper that Joe Coleman did not jump a bond at Sandusky City eleven years ago. It was only a fight in a boarding house he was in, and the case was dismissed in Sandusky City at the time, and some of the lawyers are dead now that dismissed it. Kaley knew that Joe was in Lima since he left Sandusky. Joe Coleman has been several times in Sandusky since and has met Kaley's family several times and they invited him to their house.

Three years ago this Kaley sent letters here to Lima to Joe, wanting three hundred dollars, and saying he would have Joe arrested if he did not send him the money, but Joe never paid any attention to his letters, and we did not think any more about it. If there are any persons here who want any information about it, they can write to the authorities in Sandusky and find out the kind of a character Kaley is.

Mrs. JOE COLEMAN.

Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy.

This is the best medicine in the world for bowel complaints. It acts quickly and can always be depended upon. When reduced with water it is pleasant to take. Try it, and like many others, you will recommend it to your friends. For sale at 25 and 50 cents per bottle by Melville Bros., corner Main and High streets, and C. W. Heister, 58 Public Square.

Record Breaker.

267 lbs., 13,350 lbs. Crawford & Taylor & Fancy Butter Crackers sold in Lima in three days.

Attend

The Persian Ribbon Sale this week at Blum's.

The Man of War

And the woman of work both like Crawford & Taylor & Fancy Butter Crackers.

Persian Ribbon Sale

at Blum's this week.

4 3t

#### DANGER SIGNALS

Give Imperative Notes of Warning—Disordered and Weakened Nerves Call for

Dr. WHEELER'S NERVE VITALIZER

The danger signals displayed by the nerves in the form of sleeplessness, headache, nervousness, and other symptoms are often charged with the most serious results. In the latter case the danger is applied to the symptoms instead of the cause. For sleeplessness and headache, Dr. Wheeler's Nerve Vitalizer should be used. Such treatment will further debilitate and should be avoided as per Jones.

Dr. Wheeler's Nerve Vitalizer removes the symptoms by curing the cause and restoring the nerves to healthy condition. As evidence of the fact, we submit the following testimony from D. Croop, a reliable and successful merchant of Deford, Mich.:

"Like many others, I overworked. Exhausted nerves, nervousness, and harassing. I lost flesh and strength, became nervous and threatened with a fever. I made an unusual mental effort to fight it off, or at least delay the collapse, but without effect. I came down with nervous prostration. My case being similar to many of my customers, who have been cured by Dr. Wheeler's Nerve Vitalizer, I concluded to use it; I soon felt better; two bottles cured me. I gained 30 pounds and regained perfect health."

Health is better than riches. A rich man may procure a luxurious dinner, but without health cannot enjoy it. While the poor man in health may enjoy even a dry crust.

Sold by C. W. Heister.

#### WANTED

WANTED—A good, honest boy, about 14 years old, at Feltz's dry goods store. 14 years old, at Feltz's dry goods store. 14 years old, at Feltz's dry goods store.

FOR SALE—Bicycle, cheap; \$100 high grade bicycle in perfect order. 234 south Pierce street.

FOR RENT—The Atlantic House, opposite O. & E. depot. Enquire of Mrs. P. D. McSweeney, on the premises.

WANTED—Cook and dining room girl at Hotel Faurot.

WANTED—A few private customers to furnish butter to by the year. Prices reasonable. Address Box 152, Lima, O. 4 3t

FOR RENT—A three-room house. Apply at 515 West McKibben street.

FOR SALE—Lot 2 & 3, 20, corner Wayne and Union sts. 2 large houses on the lot. Address Dr. D. Cantigny, or call at 130 e High st. 11-13-18th

WANTED—The acquaintance of elderly gentleman, by a middle aged lady. One who will assist her financially. Address Mrs. Oliver Wood, gen. delivery, Toledo, O.

FOR SALE—HOUSE—A two-story frame house, on lot 50 feet by 100 on west side of north Union street, north of North street, on alley. Seven rooms, three closets, good pantry and cellar, good water, 10-barrel filter, central, efficient and natural gas in every room. Fine fruit on lot. Enquire of R. W. Mott, 223 north West street. Apr 8-10 11-13-14 20 21-22 23 24-25 27

#### Lace Curtains.

The best values and the greatest assortment of Lace Curtains ever shown in Lima can now be seen at Blum's, 57 Public Square. 4 3t

## SPRING - FOOTWEAR!

PRETTY FEET! THOSE HANDSOME, NOBBY NEW SHOES AT THE

### COLUMBIA SHOE STORE,

—THIS WEEK.

Make your feet look pretty and stylish. Stylish Shoes cost no more, it is merely a matter of taste. We have what you want; we know it, but we want you to know it. We want you to know that the Columbia has the hand-omest styles of spring Footwear in the market. Prices we won't say much about. Our customers know that the Columbia is the originator of popular prices in Lima.

Who sells Ladies' \$2 Shoes, AA to E, over \$4 lasts? Who sells Gents' \$2.25 Shoes, AA to E, made over \$5 lasts.

THE COLUMBIA IS THE UP-TO-DATE STORE!

#### THIS WEEK WE OPEN NEW SPRING GOODS.

500 pairs Ladies' dark tan kid Shoes, best style, AA to E, worth \$3.50; opening price, \$2.50. Ask to see them. 1,500 pairs Ladies' black and tan Oxfords, all widths, ten different styles, for \$1. Ladies' handsome kid needle toe Shoes, AA to EE, lace and button; opening price, \$2. Oxfords as handsome as shoemaking will permit.

Edwin C. Burt's, New York City, celebrated finest Ladies' Shoes made. We have them, we want you to have them. Any person once wearing a pair of Burt's fine Shoes will always want another pair. Ten different shades of Tan Oxfords. A special—A Ladies' elegant needle toe kid, cloth top lace Shoe, AA to EE, just out; opening price, \$2.50. Ask to see it.

#### GENTS' FINE SHOES—WE ARE LOADED.

Dark tans, light tans, maroons, lemon chocolate. These pretty Broadway white duck top tans: the rage in the east. All the popular new fads in fine Shoes.

This week we open 4,000 pairs of elegant Russia calf Shoes, best styles made, worth \$4.00, for \$3.00. Men's Russia calf dark tan Shoes, new needle toe; a special for \$1.85; can't be bought elsewhere for less than \$2.50.

A bargain in stylish, new needle toe Shoes for Gents. 1,500 pairs of needle toe lace Shoes for \$1.50. This is a bargain not to be overlooked. Ask to see them. Seeing is believing. James A. Banister's world famous patent leather and tan Shoes. We have them. Once a customer, always a customer on Banister's. Buy this week—Get what you want—Buy them of us. Remember, style, fit and wear in every pair—This is our motto.

THE LEADING SHOE HOUSE.

**Columbia**

LIMA, OHIO.

#### SPRING

Is SIMMONS forget to take during the and the summer the accumulation of Malaria, F. usum. You now, but LIVER RE regulates t work, which poison and You get your system will only be Try a Live difference. LIVER RE LIVER RE difference. already pre powder; but LATOR. Y package. J. H. Zell

#### BIG

Designed For

Joseph J. architect, h building in section in plan has been York capital centry.

"A gentle ground in P. The plan co like that of Milan, the 5-6 feet high.

will be store and 85 feet stores in all the block w 70 by 70 feet a clubhouse an immense 25 intended Clubs of P club a separ to be suppli

"The rem voted to offic A theater ar ed on the s will have a 3,500 perso parallel wid hotel 26 by 500 rooms. hotel the arc located. The about \$5,000

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Send your a & Co., Chicag box of Dr. K trial will cor its. These p are partu cure of Const ache. For M bles they have feely free substance and They do not w but by giving bowls greatly Regular size Melville, Ure

INTERNET ARCHIVE®



# THE - POSTOFFICE

Enjoy the biggest trade in town; but as we claim to have always been next to the postoffice, (next door) it was during that, the latter having vacated its old quarters, we should take possession. So that's what we did, and this

## OFFICIAL NOTICE

Is printed so that everybody may know it. It is important that you should know where to find us, for it wouldn't do to have people dropping dead in the street, not knowing where to find us, when we have a whole store full of medicines, with which we gladly save all the lives we can. So, henceforth,

## IF ANYTHING'S THE MATTER WITH YOU, GO TO THE POSTOFFICE.

The old postoffice, of course, not the new. There in the future, as in the past, you may feel sure your prescriptions will always be carefully compounded, and at reasonable prices.

See our splendid new line of Fine Perfumes.

## WM. M. MELVILLE,

THE DRUGGIST.

OLD POSTOFFICE CORNER.

## THE TIMES-DEMOCRAT.

THE TIMES-DEMOCRAT PUBLISHING CO.

COUNTING ROOM 221 NORTH MAIN ST.

TELEPHONE CALL NO. 84.

### ABOUT PEOPLE.

**Who They Are, Where They Have Been and are Going.**

Ed. Noonan was in Delphos yesterday.

M. D. Phelps, of Van Wert, is in the city.

J. R. Brown, of Delphos, was here yesterday.

John O'Connor went to Leipsic this morning.

Mayor Baxter, of Delphos, was in the city today.

Ex-Representative C. Q. Davis, of Columbus, is in the city.

W. R. Wyman, of Sidney, was in the city yesterday.

Mrs. Harry Knisely is spending a few days in Cincinnati.

H. A. Reeves, of Delphos, is in the city today on legal business.

Mrs. Rial Truesdale left yesterday to visit friends at Pittsburg.

Fletcher Roberts, of Sidney, spent Sunday with friends in Lima.

C. O. Bucher and Jos. Frank, of North Baltimore, are in the city.

Milton Huber, of Cleveland, is registered at the Hoffman House.

Miss Blanche Numan left yesterday afternoon for Oxford college at Oxford.

Dr. Harper returned last night after a visit with his son Harry, at Ottawa.

T. C. Long, an oil operator from St. Marys, is registered at the Hotel Cambridge.

Judge John F. Lindemann, of Delphos, is attending the county convention today.

Mrs. C. J. Connell, of Toledo, is the guest of the Misses Connell, of north Jackson street.

Miss Ann Meckling left yesterday for Huntsville, to spend the summer with Mrs. Florence Moore.

Walter Tibbals left last night for New York City, where he will engage in the commission business.

Mrs. E. B. Hathaway and daughter went to Ottawa this afternoon for a short visit with relatives and friends.

J. J. Ewing was called to Columbus Grove this morning, by the critical illness of his father-in-law, Mr. Bagley.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Steinmetz, of south Main street, returned yesterday from a week's visit with friends in Van Wert.

Mrs. Geo. Kerr returned home yesterday from Cleveland, where she had been for the past two weeks at the bedside of her mother.

Dr. S. S. Herrman left this afternoon for Battle Creek, Mich., where he will take treatment in a sanitarium. The doctor's health has been failing him for some time.

### Opening.

Mr. Lange, of Chicago, will give a grand display of Spring Wraps, Silk Waists, Skirts and fancy Tea Gowns, beginning April 15th, continuing all week. Ladies, don't miss this opportunity, at the popular Millinery store, Mrs. E. Light, 134 North Main street.

### Townsend's Pills

For all Liver ills. They are purely vegetable and leave your stomach in good shape. Sold everywhere.

### Skirts.

Ready to wear, at bargain prices at Pines's, 57 Public Square. 43c

### Wrappers.

Ready-made Wrappers, and a big variety to select from at Blum's. 43c

### The Finest Made.

Crawford-Taylor's 4 X Fancy Butter Crackers.

## A WINNER

### Chosen at To-day's Convention.

The City Filled With Enthusiastic Democratic Delegates.

Who Nominated an Invincible Ticket to be Elected in November.

At Three O'clock the Convention is Held in the City of Lima.

### THE TICKET.

For Probate Judge, THEODORE T. ROBB.

For Clerk of the Court, U. M. SHAPELL.

For County Auditor, PHILIP WALTHER.

For County Recorder, ABRAM HARROD.

For Prosecuting Attorney, J. C. RIDENOUR.

For Infirmary Director, ELI MECHLING.

This is Democracy's day in Lima. The town is filled with them. They came in from all directions to attend the county convention called together to place in nomination a ticket to be elected next November. This is the first nominating convention held by the Allen county Democracy for many years, their nominations in the past having been made by the primary system, but at the county convention held last spring a resolution was adopted that future nominations be made under the convention system.

The officers to be nominated were Probate Judge Clerk of the Court Prosecuting Attorney, County Recorder, County Auditor, County Commissioner and Infirmary Director. As all the present incumbents, except commissioner, were to be renominated, there was no contest other than for the commissionership, and in this position the principal interest centered. There were three candidates for the important position, two from Spencer township—T. O. Burns and Christopher Louth—and one from Monroe township, Mr. C. O. Ludwig.

The central committee had artistically decorated the assembly room for the occasion. A large American flag covered the wall back of the chairman's table, and the columns were wrapped with bunting, making a very pleasing effect.

The Democratic convention met at the assembly room this forenoon and was called to order at 10 o'clock by D. E. Baxter, of Delphos, Chairman of the County Central committee, who announced the following temporary organization. For chairman, D. E. Harpster, of Monroe township, and for secretary, O. B. Selfridge, Jr., of Lima.

Mr. Harpster assumed the chair and made some well directed remarks to the convention, which were enthusiastically received.

A motion was made by N. W. Cunningham, of Bluffton, that the roll of townships be called and names announced for members of committees on Permanent Organization, Credentials, Rules and Order of Business, and Resolutions.

The motion prevailed and the following committees were selected.

PERMANENT ORGANIZATION.

Amanda tp.—Ed. Moorman.

Auglaize—J. L. Sherrick.

Bath—A. E. Clutter.

German—E. S. Crites.

Jackson—Howard Turner.

Marion—Henry Mosier.

Delphos, 1st ward—Geo. Auer.

" 2d ward—H. M. Stein.

" 3d ward—Thos. Fitzgerald.

" 4th ward—Thos. Downey.

" 5th ward—T. B. Johns.

" 6th ward—R. B. Tolan.

" 7th ward—P. Laughlin.

Perry tp.—J. O. Franklio.

Richland tp., Beaver Dam—Amos Henry.

Richland tp., Bluffton—Jno. C. Wilson.

Shawnee tp.—C. B. Lehman.

Spencer—Jas. Donahoe.

Sugar Creek—S. E. Stemen.

### RULES.

Amanda—W. D. Polling.

Auglaize—A. B. Manahan.

Bath—Val Stoner.

German—A. East.

Jackson—S. H. Arnold.

Marion—H. Gallaspe.

Delphos, 1st Ward—A. B. King.

" 2d "—Alex. Shenk.

Monroe—R. N. Harpster.

Lima, 1st Ward—H. O. Reilly.

" 2d "—J. B. Jackman.

" 3d "—T. Sullivan.

" 4th "—A. Gignardet.

" 5th "—T. J. Kul n.

" 6th "—E. E. Linn.

" 7th "—F. M. Haller.

Perry—H. S. Call.

Richland, B. Dam C. C. Heller.

Bluffton—N. W. Cunningham.

Shawnee—Ben Bowsher.

Spencer—F. Harvey.

Sugar Creek—G. W. Williams.

### CREDENTIALS.

Amanda—Levi Baxter.

Auglaize—Dr. Hirsch.

Bath—A. Corder.

German—A. East.

Jackson—J. R. Watt.

Marion—P. Harndt.

Delphos, 1st Ward—J. Jettinghoff.

" 2d "—J. C. Jettinghoff.

Lima, 1st Ward—J. W. Shanahan.

" 2d "—R. Robbins.

" 3d "—H. F. Reel.

" 4th "—John Berrigan.

" 5th "—T. W. Greenland.

" 6th "—John Marly.

" 7th "—Ed Veasey.

Perry—J. O. Ridenour.

Richland, B. Dam—H. Angsbarger.

Bluffton—J. J. Klay.

Shawnee—J. M. Umbaugh.

Spencer—Jas. Sunderland.

Sugar Creek—S. S. Bushey.

### RESOLUTIONS.

Amanda tp.—H. A. Berryman.

Auglaize—Jno. Blair.

Bath—Frank Wright.

German—Ad. Pfeifer.

Jackson—N. Sager.

Marion—D. N. Gengler.

Delphos, 1st ward—Syl Shenk.

Delphos, 2d ward—T. B. Sevlitz.

Monroe—J. W. Kilgore.

Lima, 1st ward—T. Gorman.

" 2d ward—Fred Thorling.

" 3d ward—S. S. Herman.

" 4th ward—Jno. Arnold.

" 5th ward—H. S. Bowsher.

" 6th ward—I. S. Motter.

" 7th ward—W. J. Richie.

Perry tp.—J. P. Severns.

Richland, B. Dam—Albert Davis.

Bluffton—Ed Bearth.

Shawnee—A. Harpster.

Spencer—J. A. Miller.

Sugar Creek—D. W. Harpster.

### COUNTY ADVISORY COMMITTEE.

Amanda tp.—James Baxter, Jr.

Auglaize—E. W. R. Leatherman.

Bath—Samuel Roederer.

German—N. Pfeifer.

Jackson—Arthur Watt.

Marion—A. German.

Delphos, 1st ward—Joseph Cramer.

" 2nd ward—J. E. Lindeman.

Monroe tp.—Jacob P. Miller.

Lima, 1st wd.—W. J. O'Connor.

" 2nd "—George Lyons.

" 3rd "—H. F. Reel.

" 4th "—R. A. Hickey.

" 5th "—John Oumrine.

" 6th "—James Pillars.

" 7th "—John Welsh.

Perry tp.—A. Duff.

Richland, Bluffton—John C. Wilson.

Richland, Beaverdam—Levi Everette.

Shawnee tp.—W. F. Blair.

Spencer—F. M. Harvey.

Sugar Creek—W. V. Garner.

The chair announced that the convention would take a recess of ten minutes, during which time the different committees would meet at the following places: On permanent organization, at Auditor's office, on rules and order of business, at the Probate Judge's office; on credentials, at the Sheriff's office; on resolutions, at the Clerk's office.

Chairman Harpster called the convention to order after the ten minutes recess, and called for the report of the committee on permanent organization, which through its chairman, Mr. B. B. Tolan, made the following report.

REPORT OF COMMITTEE ON PERMANENT ORGANIZATION.

Your committee on permanent organization report that the temporary organization be made permanent with the addition of the following vice presidents: T. Fitzgerald, J. F. Linderman, J. T. Winegardner; and of Peter Laughlin as Sergeant-at-Arms with the following assistants: T. E. Johns, L. C. Sigler, E. S. Crites, J. T. Baker.

There being no other committees ready to report, on motion of Mr. Bowman, of Perry township, the convention adjourned until 1 o'clock.

REPORT OF COMMITTEE ON CREDENTIALS.

Mr. J. W. Shanahan, chairman of the Committee on Credentials, presented the following report.

That J. R. Arnold, of the Fourth Ward, be allowed his place with the delegates, and that only delegates present be allowed to vote.

Now, as an amendment to the report of the Committee on Credentials, that it be accepted as to that portion relative to the contest of Arnold, and the remainder of the report eliminated. The amendment was adopted.

REPORT OF COMMITTEE ON RULES.

Mr. E. E. Linn, Chairman of the Committee on Rules, presented the report of that committee as follows.

1st. All candidates must pledge themselves to support the nominations.

2d. That the ordinary parliamentary rules govern the deliberations of this convention.

3d. That nominations be made as follows: The secretary of the convention shall call the roll of all townships and wards in alphabetical order, and that thereupon the chairman of each delegation shall declare if they have any candidates whose nominations they wish to announce or second.

4th. That no more than two speeches be made upon the nomination of any candidate; the nominating speech to be limited to two minutes, and the seconding speech to one minute.

5th. Ballotting for candidates shall be as follows: When the chairman of the convention shall declare a bal-

lot for any office in order, each township, ward and precinct shall vote separately thereon, such ballot to be sealed and handed to the chairman of the convention, who shall appoint two tellers to canvass such ballot, and the result of said canvass to be announced to the convention by the chair, and the result so announced to be final for that ballot.

6th. That the delegates present from any township, ward or precinct cast the total vote of the township, ward or precinct they represent.

7th. That any candidate must have a majority of all votes cast to entitle him to a nomination.

REPORT OF COMMITTEE ON RESOLUTIONS.

J. W. Kilgore, chairman of the Committee on Resolutions, presented the report of the Committee as follows.

Resolved, that we congratulate the Central and Executive Committees of Allen county, State of Ohio, for their efforts in carrying to a successful issue, the Democratic campaign of last fall.

Resolved, that we endorse the candidacy of John H. Berryman, of this county, for Congress, and urge our representatives in the next Congressional Convention to use every honorable endeavor to secure his nomination.

Resolved, That the Democrats of Allen county, Ohio, in convention assembled, hereby declare in favor of the free and unlimited coinage of silver in the ratio of 16 to 1, and we hereby instruct our delegates to be selected, to the State and National Conventions, to have that principle incorporated in our platform, and that our congressional delegates vote for the nomination of a candidate for congress from this district who will favor such resolution.

Resolved, That we hereby pledge our fidelity to the principles of the Democratic party, as heretofore announced in its various conventions, and hereby announce our intention to support the nominee of the Democratic convention to assemble in Chicago in July, 1896.

The chair announced the next business of the Convention to be the nomination of candidates. Mr. Cunningham, of Bluffton, moved that in all cases where there was no opposition, the rules be suspended as to the calling of the list to townships. The motion prevailed.

On motion of Geo. W. Disman, the rules were suspended, and Theo. D. Robb was nominated by acclamation.

On motion of J. W. Kilgore, of Monroe township, the rules were suspended and Philip Walther was nominated by acclamation.

On motion of N. W. Cunningham, the rules were suspended and U. M. Shappell was nominated by acclamation.

On motion of I. S. Motter, the rules were suspended, and Abram Harrod was nominated by acclamation.

On motion of I. S. Motter, the rules were suspended and J. C. Ridenour was nominated by acclamation.

On motion the rules were suspended and Eli Mechling was nominated by acclamation.

NELSON MCBRIDE'S NAME PRESENTED.

The roll of townships was called for nominations for County Commissioner. Amanda passed, as did Auglaize and Bath. When German township was called, Nelson McBride arose and presented his name as a candidate.

C. C. LUDWIG'S NAME PRESENTED.

Jackson township had no candidate. When Marion township was called, David E. Baxter arose and presented the name of C. C. Ludwig, of Marion township. Monroe township and Delphos had no candidate but T. B. Sevlitz seconded the name of Mr. Ludwig. Perry and Richland passed, as did Shawnee.

CHRIS LOUTH'S NAME PRESENTED.

When Spencer township was called ex-treasurer Sunderland presented the name of Chris Louth. The nomination was seconded by Jno. Moorman.

T. C. BURNS' NAME PRESENTED.

Mr. Reynolds, of Spencer, presented the name of T. C. Burns, of Spencer township. Mr. Jno. J. Miller of Spencer, seconded Mr. Burns' nomination.

Sugar Creek township, when called, had no candidate.

The chair then announced the next thing in order would be the balloting for candidates for commissioner. I. S. Motter, of Lima, and S. H. Arquid, of Jackson township, were chosen tellers.

FIRST BALLOT.

Louth 60, Burns 40, Ludwig 62, McBride 14.

SECOND BALLOT.

Louth, 62, Burns, 41; Ludwig, 64, McBride, 8.

At three o'clock a third ballot for commissioner was ordered, and it will probably be late this afternoon before the winner is named.